ssued December 1999

EC97TCF-SC

1997 Economic Census

*Transportation*1997 Commodity Flow Survey





U.S. Department of Commerce Economics and Statistics Administration U.S. CENSUS BUREAU



ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This report was prepared in the Service Sector Statistics Division under the direction of Thomas E. Zabelsky, Assistant Chief for Current Service and Transportation Programs. Planning, implementation, and compiling of this report were under the supervision of John L. Fowler, Chief, Commodity Flow Survey Branch, assisted by Wanda Dougherty, Debra Corbett, Bruce Dembroski, Shirley Gray, Michael Jones, Stephanie Kelley, Mabel Ocasio, Bonnie Opalko, Joyce Price, Barbara Selinske, Eli Serrano, and Michael Sprung. Sample design and statistical methodology were developed under the general direction of **Howard** Hogan and Carl A. Konschnik, former Assistant Chiefs, and Ruth E. Detlefsen, current Assistant Chief, Research and Methodology. Sample design and estimation were under the supervision of Patrick Cantwell, former Chief, and Jock Black, current Chief, Program Research and Development Branch, assisted by William C. Davie Jr., David L. Kinyon, Jacklyn R. Jonas, and M. Cristina Cruz. Frame construction, sample control, imputation, and quality control procedures were developed under the supervision of **Carol King,** Chief, Statistical Methods Branch, assisted by James Hunt.

The processing system and computer programs were developed and implemented by the OAO programming group, led by Jacques Wilmore and assisted by Harold N. Bobbitt and Robert J. Jeffrey. Steve G. McCraith, Chief, Quinquennial Surveys Branch, Economic Statistical Methods and Programming Division and Joseph F. Keehan provided general support.

Coordination of data collection efforts was under the direction of **Judith N. Petty**, Chief, National Processing Center, assisted by **Matthew Aulbach**, **Linda Broadus**, **Grant Goodwin**, **Carlene Bottorff**, **Teresa Branstetter**, and **Jack Miller**.

The staff of the Administrative and Customer Services Division, **Walter C. Odom,** Chief, performed planning, design, composition, editorial review, and printing planning and procurement for the publications, Internet products, and report forms. **Margaret A. Smith** provided publication coordination and editing.

We also acknowledge the contributions of the following Department of Transportation (DOT) representatives in the overall planning and design of the survey: **Rolf Schmitt,** Associate Director for Transportation Studies, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, assisted by **Susan Lapham, Russ Capelle, Ronald J. Duych,** and **Felix Ammah-Tagoe.**

The Oak Ridge National Laboratory's Center for Transportation Analysis, under the former and current direction of Mike

Bronzini and David Greene, respectively, provided all mileage data for this report, using its transportation network modeling system, under the supervision of Frank Southworth and assisted by Shih-Miao Chin, Bruce Peterson, Jane Rollow, and Angela Gibson.

Special acknowledgment is also due to the many businesses whose cooperation was essential to the publication of these data.

South Carolina

Issued December 1999

1997 Economic Census

Transportation 1997 Commodity Flow Survey





Secretary

U.S. Department of Transportation

Rodney E. Slater,

Mortimer L. Downey, **Deputy Secretary**

BUREAU OF TRANSPORTATION STATISTICS Dr. Ashish Sen, Director Rick Kowalewski, **Deputy Director**

Rolf R. Schmitt, Associate Director for Transportation Studies



U.S. Department of Commerce William M. Daley,

Secretary

Robert L. Mallett, **Deputy Secretary**

Economics and Statistics Administration Robert J. Shapiro, **Under Secretary for Economic Affairs**

U.S. CENSUS BUREAU Kenneth Prewitt.

Director



Economics and Statistics Administration Robert J. Shapiro, Under Secretary for Economic Affairs



U.S. CENSUS BUREAU Kenneth Prewitt, Director

William G. Barron, Deputy Director

Paula J. Schneider, Principal Associate Director for Programs

Frederick T. Knickerbocker, Associate Director for Economic Programs

Thomas L. Mesenbourg, Assistant Director for Economic Programs

Carole A. Ambler, Chief, Service Sector Statistics Division



BUREAU OF TRANSPORTATION STATISTICS

Dr. Ashish Sen,
Director
Rick Kowalewski,
Deputy Director
Rolf R. Schmitt,
Associate Director for
Transportation Studies

CONTENTS

	duction to the Economic Census	1 3
TAB	LES	
1a. 1b. 1c. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997 and 1993. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: Percent of Total for 1997 and 1993. Shipment Characteristics by Total Modal Activity for State of Origin: 1997. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997. Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity for State of Origin: 1997. Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997. Shipment Characteristics by State of Destination for State of Origin: 1997. Inbound Shipment Characteristics by State of Origin for State of Destination.	9 10 10 11 14 17 18 33
APP	Destination: 1997 ENDIXES	34
A. B. C. D.	Comparability With the 1993 Commodity Flow Survey Reliability of the Estimates	A-1 B-1 C-1 D-1 E-1

Introduction to the Economic Census

PURPOSES AND USES OF THE ECONOMIC CENSUS

The economic census is the major source of facts about the structure and functioning of the Nation's economy. It provides essential information for government, business, industry, and the general public. Title 13 of the United States Code (Sections 131, 191, and 224) directs the Census Bureau to take the economic census every 5 years, covering years ending in 2 and 7.

The economic census furnishes an important part of the framework for such composite measures as the gross domestic product estimates, input/output measures, production and price indexes, and other statistical series that measure short-term changes in economic conditions. Specific uses of economic census data include the following:

- Policymaking agencies of the Federal Government use the data to monitor economic activity and assess the effectiveness of policies.
- State and local governments use the data to assess business activities and tax bases within their jurisdictions and to develop programs to attract business.
- Trade associations study trends in their own and competing industries, which allows them to keep their members informed of market changes.
- Individual businesses use the data to locate potential markets and to analyze their own production and sales performance relative to industry or area averages.

BASIS OF REPORTING

The economic census is conducted on an establishment basis. A company operating at more than one location is required to file a separate report for each store, factory, shop, or other location. Each establishment is assigned a separate industry classification based on its primary activity and not that of its parent company.

AVAILABILITY OF ADDITIONAL DATA

Reports in Print and Electronic Media

All results of the 1997 Economic Census are available on the Census Bureau Internet site (www.census.gov) and on compact discs (CD-ROM) for sale by the Census Bureau. Unlike previous censuses, only selected highlights are

published in printed reports. For more information, including a description of electronic and printed reports being issued, see the Internet site, or write to U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-8300, or call Customer Services at 301-457-4100.

HISTORICAL INFORMATION

The economic census has been taken as an integrated program at 5-year intervals since 1967 and before that for 1954, 1958, and 1963. Prior to that time, individual components of the economic census were taken separately at varying intervals.

The economic census traces its beginnings to the 1810 Decennial Census, when questions on manufacturing were included with those for population. Coverage of economic activities was expanded for the 1840 Decennial Census and subsequent censuses to include mining and some commercial activities. The 1905 Manufactures Census was the first time a census was taken apart from the regular decennial population census. Censuses covering retail and wholesale trade and construction industries were added in 1930, as were some covering service trades in 1933. Censuses of construction, manufacturing, and the other business service censuses were suspended during World War

The 1954 Economic Census was the first census to be fully integrated: providing comparable census data across economic sectors, using consistent time periods, concepts, definitions, classifications, and reporting units. It was the first census to be taken by mail, using lists of firms provided by the administrative records of other Federal agencies. Since 1963, administrative records also have been used to provide basic statistics for very small firms, reducing or eliminating the need to send them census questionnaires.

The range of industries covered in the economic censuses expanded between 1967 and 1992. The census of construction industries began on a regular basis in 1967, and the scope of service industries, introduced in 1933, was broadened in 1967, 1977, and 1987. While a few transportation industries were covered as early as 1963, it was not until 1992 that the census broadened to include all of transportation, communications, and utilities. Also new for 1992 was coverage of financial, insurance, and real estate industries. With these additions, the economic census and the separate census of governments and census of agriculture collectively covered roughly 98 percent of all economic activity.

Printed statistical reports from the 1992 and earlier censuses provide historical figures for the study of longterm time series and are available in some large libraries. All of the census reports printed since 1967 are still available for sale on microfiche from the Census Bureau. CD-ROMs issued from the 1987 and 1992 Economic Censuses contain databases including nearly all data published in print, plus additional statistics, such as ZIP Code statistics, published only on CD-ROM.

SOURCES FOR MORE INFORMATION

More information about the scope, coverage, classification system, data items, and publications for each of the economic censuses and related surveys is published in the Guide to the 1997 Economic Census and Related Statistics at www.census.gov/econguide. More information on the methodology, procedures, and history of the censuses will be published in the History of the 1997 Economic Census at www.census.gov/econ/www/history.html.

1997 Commodity Flow Survey

GENERAL

The 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) is undertaken through a partnership between the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Bureau of Transportation Statistics, U.S. Department of Transportation. This survey produces data on the movement of goods in the United States. It provides information on commodities shipped, their value, weight, and mode of transportation, as well as the origin and destination of shipments of manufacturing, mining, wholesale, and selected retail establishments. The CFS was last conducted in 1993. See the Comparability With the 1993 Commodity Flow Survey table (Appendix A) for a comparison between the 1997 and 1993 surveys. The data from the CFS are used by public policy analysts and for transportation planning and decision-making to assess the demand for transportation facilities and services, energy use, and safety risk and environmental concerns.

This report presents data at the state level. Additional reports will include data for the United States, census regions, divisions, and selected metropolitan areas, as well as selected data on exports and hazardous material shipments.

INDUSTRY COVERAGE

The 1997 CFS covers business establishments in mining, manufacturing, wholesale trade, and selected retail industries. The survey also covers selected auxiliary establishments (e.g., warehouses) of in-scope multiunit and retail companies. The survey coverage excludes establishments classified as farms, forestry, fisheries, governments, construction, transportation, foreign establishments, services, and most establishments in retail.

The industries covered, as defined in the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC), are listed in the following table:

SIC code	Title
10, ex. 108 12, ex. 124	Metal mining (excluding metal mining services) Coal mining (excluding coal mining services)
13	Oil and gas extraction ¹
14, ex. 148	Mining and quarrying of nonmetallic minerals, except fuels (excluding nonmetallic minerals services)
20	Food and kindred products
21	Tobacco products
22	Textile mill products
23	Apparel and other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials
24	Lumber and wood products, except furniture
25	Furniture and fixtures
26	Paper and allied products
27, ex. 279	Printing, publishing, and allied industries (excluding service industries for the printing trade)
28	Chemicals and allied products
29	Petroleum refining and related industries
30	Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products
31	Leather and leather products
32	Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products
33	Primary metal industries
34	Fabricated metal products, except machinery and transportation equipment
35	Industrial and commercial machinery and computer equipment
36	Electronic and other electrical equipment and components, except computer equipment
37	Transportation equipment
38	Measuring, analyzing, and controlling instruments; photographic, medical and optical goods; watches and clocks
39	Miscellaneous manufacturing industries
50	Wholesale trade—durable goods
51	Wholesale trade—nondurable goods
596	Catalog and mail-order houses

¹We included establishments classified in SIC 13, Oil and Gas Extraction, in the initial coverage of the 1997 CFS. However, because of unresolved industry-wide reporting issues, we have removed shipments from these establishments from our 1997 CFS tabulations. The data collected from these establishments will be used as input to a special report at a later date.

Similarly, because establishments in SIC 13 are responsible for the overwhelming number of shipments classified in SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum, we have removed all shipments with SCTG 16 from the 1997 CFS publication results.

SHIPMENT COVERAGE

The CFS captures data on shipments originating from selected types of business establishments located in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. The data do not cover shipments originating from business establishments located in Puerto Rico and other U.S. possessions and territories. Shipments traversing the U.S. from a foreign location to another foreign location (e.g., from Canada to Mexico) are not included, nor are shipments from a foreign location to a U.S. location. Imported products are included in the CFS at the point that they left the importer's domestic location for shipment to another location. Shipments that are shipped through a foreign territory with both the origin and destination in the U.S. are included in the CFS data. The mileages calculated for these shipments exclude the international segments (e.g., shipments from New York to Michigan through Canada do not include any mileages for Canada). Export shipments are included, with the domestic destination defined as the port of exit from the U.S.

The "Industry Coverage" section of the text lists the SIC groups covered by the CFS. Other industry areas that are not covered, but may have significant shipping activity, include agriculture, government, and retail (other than warehouses and SIC 5961, Catalog and Mail-Order Houses). For agriculture specifically, this means that the CFS did not cover shipments of agricultural products from the farm site to the processing centers or terminal elevators (most likely short-distance local movements), but does cover the shipments of these products from the initial processing centers or terminal elevators onward.

MILEAGE CALCULATIONS

To compute shipment mileages for the 1997 CFS, The Center for Transportation Analysis (CTA) at Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) developed an integrated, intermodal transportation network modeling system. A secure data site was setup at ORNL to process census-supplied files containing data elements for individual CFS shipment records. Each record contained the ZIP Code of shipment origin and destination, and the mode or mode sequence reported. Each record also contained information on the type of commodity moved, its weight, dollar value and whether containerized or a hazardous material. Export shipments were also identified on the records, along with data on U.S. port of exit and foreign destination city and country. Encrypted data files were transmitted and returned from ORNL after processing, with turnaround of most files on a week-by-week basis. In this manner many shipment-specific data problems encountered by ORNL in their routing procedures were reported back to census in a timely fashion, allowing census to call back some shippers and thereby confirm, correct, or recover missing or otherwise unusable data. The ORNL system computed mileages, by mode, for all single modes and for any reported

multimodal sequence. This was done for any origindestination pair of domestic ZIP Code locations, and for any internal ZIP Code of origin, via U.S. export port, to foreign (export) destination. Mileages between origindestination ZIP Code centroids were computed by finding the minimum impedance path over mathematical representations of the highway, rail, waterway, air, and pipeline networks and then summing the lengths of individual links on these paths. Impedance is computed as a weighted combination of distance, time, and cost factors.

The ORNL multimodal network database is composed of individual modal-specific networks representing each of the major transportation modes—highway, rail, waterway, air, and pipeline. The links of these specific modal networks are the representation of line-haul transportation facilities. The nodes represent intersections and interchanges, and the access points to the transportation network. To simulate local access, test links are created from each five-digit ZIP Code centroid to nearby nodes on the network. For the truck network, local access is assumed to exist everywhere. For the other modes this is not true. Before any test links are created for these modes, a search procedure is used to determine if and where such networks are most likely to provide access to the ZIP Code. For shipments involving more than one mode, such as truck-rail or rail-water shipments, intermodal transfer links are added to the network database for the purpose of connecting the individual modal networks together for routing purposes. An intermodal terminals database and a number of terminal transfer models were developed at ORNL to identify likely transfer points for different classes of freight. A measure of link impedance was calculated for each access, line-haul, and intermodal transfer link traversed by a shipment. These impedances were mode specific and are based on various link characteristics. For example, the set of link characteristics for the highway network included speed impacting factors, such as the presence of divided or undivided roadway, the degree of access control, rural or urban setting, type of pavement, number of lanes, degree of urban congestion, and length of the link. Link impedance measures are also assigned to the local access links. Intermodal transfer link impedances are estimated in terms of the time it takes to move goods through such a transfer. In the case of rail and air freight, intercarrier transfer penalties are also considered in order to obtain proper route selections. A minimum path algorithm is used to find the minimum impedance path between a shipment's origin ZIP Code centroid and destination ZIP Code centroid. The cumulative length of the local access plus line-haul links on this path provides the estimated shipment distance. When rail was involved these shipment distances may be averaged over more than one path between an origin-destination pair.

Mileage Data for Pipeline Shipments

In the tables, we do not show ton-miles or average miles per shipment for pipeline shipments. For most of these shipments, the respondents reported the shipment destination as a pipeline facility on the main pipeline network. Therefore, for the majority of these shipments, the resulting mileage represented only the access distance through feeder pipelines to the main pipeline network, and not the actual distance through the main pipeline network. Pipeline shipments are included in the U.S. totals for ton-miles and average miles per shipment.

DISCLOSURE RULES

In accordance with Federal law governing Census Bureau reports, no data are published that would disclose the operations of an individual firm or establishment.

EXPLANATION OF TERMS

Average miles per shipment. For the 1993 CFS, we excluded shipments of STCC 27, Printed Matter, from our calculation of average miles per shipment. We made this decision after determining that respondents in the 1993 CFS shipping newspapers, magazines, catalogs, etc., had used widely varying definitions of the term "shipment."

For the 1997 CFS, we made numerous efforts throughout our data collection and editing to produce consistent results from establishments shipping SCTG 29, Printed Products. As a result, we have included printed products in the average miles per shipment calculations for the 1997 CFS.

Commodity. Products that an establishment produces, sells, or distributes. This does not include items that are considered as excess or byproducts of the establishment's operation. Respondents reported the description and the five-digit SCTG code for the major commodity contained in the shipment, defined as the commodity with the greatest weight in the total shipment.

Distance shipped. In some tables, shipment data are presented for various "distance shipped" intervals. Shipments were categorized into these "distance shipped" intervals based on the great circle distance between their origin and destination ZIP Code centroids. All other distance-related data in this and other tables (i.e., tonmiles and average miles per shipment) are based on the mileage calculations produced by Oak Ridge National Laboratories. (See the "Mileage Calculations" section for more details.)

Great circle distance. The shortest distance between two points on the earth's surface.

Mode of transportation. The type of transportation used for moving the shipment to its domestic destination. For exports, the domestic destination was the port of exit.

Mode Definitions

In the instructions to the respondent, we defined the possible modes as follows:

- 1. Parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal Service. Delivery services, parcels, packages, and other small shipments that typically weigh less than 100 pounds. Includes bus parcel delivery service.
- 2. **Private truck.** Trucks operated by a temporary or permanent employee of an establishment or the buyer/receiver of the shipment.
- 3. For-hire truck. Trucks that carry freight for a fee collected from the shipper, recipient of the shipment, or an arranger of the transportation.
- 4. **Railroad.** Any common carrier or private railroad.
- 5. Shallow draft vessels. Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily on rivers and canals; in harbors, the Great Lakes, the Saint Lawrence Seaway; the Intracoastal Waterway, the Inside Passage to Alaska, major bays and inlets; or in the ocean close to the shoreline.
- 6. **Deep draft vessel.** Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily in the open ocean. Shipping on the Great Lakes and the Saint Lawrence Seaway is classified with shallow draft vessels.
- 7. **Pipeline.** Movements of oil, petroleum, gas, slurry, etc., through pipelines that extend to other establishments or locations beyond the shipper's establishment. Aqueducts for the movement of water are not included.
- 8. Air. Commercial or private aircraft, and all air service for shipments that typically weigh more than 100 pounds. Includes air freight and air express.
- 9. Other mode. Any mode not listed above.
- 10. **Unknown.** The shipment was not carried by a parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal Service, and the respondent could not determine what mode of transportation was used.

In the tables, we have used additional terms for mode, which we define as follows:

- 1. Air (includes truck and air). Shipments that used air or a combination of truck and air.
- 2. **Single modes.** Shipments using only one of the above-listed modes, except parcel or other and unknown.
- 3. Multiple modes. Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier shipments or shipments for which two or more of the following modes of transportation were used:

Private truck For-hire truck Shallow draft vessel Deep draft vessel Pipeline

We did not allow for multiple modes in combination with "parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier," "unknown," or "other." By their nature, these shipments may already include various kinds of multiplemode activity. For example, if the respondent reported a shipment's mode of transportation as parcel and air, we treated the shipment as parcel only.

- 4. **Other multiple modes.** Shipments using any other mode combinations not specifically listed in the tables.
- 5. Other and unknown modes. Shipments for which modes were not reported, or were reported by the respondent as "Other" or "Unknown."
- 6. **Truck.** Shipments using for-hire truck only, private truck only, or a combination of for-hire truck and private truck.
- 7. **Water.** Shipments using shallow draft vessel only. deep draft vessel only, or Great Lakes vessel only. Combinations of these modes, such as shallow draft vessel and Great Lakes vessel are included as "Other multiple modes."
- 8. **Great Lakes.** In the tables in this publication, "Great Lakes" appears as a single mode. ORNL's transportation network and mileage calculation system allowed for separate mileage calculations for Great Lakes between the origin and destination ZIP Codes (see the "Mileage Calculations" section for more details).

Other Definitions and Terms

Shipment. A shipment (or delivery) is an individual movement of commodities from an establishment to a customer or to another location of the originating company (including a warehouse, distribution center, retail or wholesale outlet). A shipment uses one or more modes of transportation including parcel delivery, U.S. Postal Service, courier, private truck, for-hire truck, rail, water, pipeline, air, and other modes.

Standard Classification of Transported Goods

(SCTG). The commodities shown in this report are classified using the SCTG coding system. The SCTG coding system was developed jointly by agencies of the United States and Canadian governments based on the Harmonized System to address statistical needs in regard to products transported.

Ton-miles. The weight times the mileage for a shipment. The respondents reported shipment weight in pounds, as described below. Mileage was calculated as the distance between the shipment origin and destination ZIP Codes. For shipments by truck, rail, or shallow draft vessels, the mileage excludes international segments. For example, mileages from Alaska to the continental United States

exclude any mileages through Canada (see the "Mileage" Calculations" section for more details). Aggregated poundmiles were converted to ton-miles. The ton-miles data are displayed in millions.

Tons shipped. The total weight of the entire shipment. Respondents reported the weight in pounds. Aggregated pounds were converted to short-tons (2,000 pounds). The tons data are displayed in thousands.

Total modal activity. The overall activity (e.g., ton-miles) of a specific mode of transportation, whether used in a single-mode shipment, or as part of a multiple-mode shipment. For example, the total modal activity for private truck is the total ton-miles carried by private truck in single-mode shipments, combined with the total ton-miles carried by private truck in all multiple-mode shipments that include private truck (private truck and for-hire truck, private truck and rail, private truck and air, etc.)

Value of shipments. The dollar value of the entire shipment. This was defined as the net selling value, f.o.b. plant, exclusive of freight charges and excise taxes. The value data are displayed in millions of dollars.

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

The following abbreviations and symbols are used in the tables for this publication:

- D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
- Represents zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
- S Data do not meet publication standards due to high sampling variability or other reasons.
- CFS Commodity Flow Survey.

lb Pounds.

Not elsewhere classified. n.e.c.

Not applicable. NA

Not otherwise specified. n.o.s.

OTHER TRANSPORTATION DATA

Users of transportation data may be especially interested in the following reports:

Economic Census: Transportation Sector covers establishments that provide passenger and freight transportation to the general public, government, or other busi-

Published data include kind of business, geographic location, total operating revenue, annual and first quarter payroll, and number of employees for pay period including March 12.

Vehicle Inventory and Use Survey covers state and U.S. level statistics on the physical and operational characteristics of the Nation's truck, van, minivan, and sport utility vehicle population. Some of the types of data collected

include number of vehicles, major use, body type, annual miles, model year, vehicle size, fuel type, operator classification, engine size, range of operation, weeks operated, products carried, and hazardous materials carried. This survey shows comparative statistics reflecting percent changes in number of vehicles between 1997 and 1992 for most characteristics.

Transportation Annual Survey covers firms with paid employees that provide commercial motor freight transportation and public warehousing services. Data collected include operating revenue and operating revenue by

source, total expenses and expenses percentage of motor carrier freight revenue by commodity type, size of shipments handled, length of haul, and vehicle fleet inventory.

All results of the 1997 Economic Census are available on the Census Bureau Internet site http://www.census.gov and on compact discs (CD-ROM).

For more information on any Census Bureau product, including a description of electronic and printed reports being issued, see the web site or call Customer Services at 301-457-4100.

Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		To	ons	Ton-		
Mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
All modes	102 750	100.0	115 922	100.0	22 275	100.0	282
Single modes	94 194	91.7	114 426	98.7	21 624	97.1	173
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	87 926 55 284 32 240	85.6 53.8 31.4	103 882 42 245 61 135	89.6 36.4 52.7	16 027 12 002 3 897	72.0 53.9 17.5	160 524 67
Rail	4 616	4.5	10 438	9.0	5 539	24.9	568
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S S - S	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$ \$	S S - S	\$ \$	\$ \$ - \$	110 109 - 115
Air (includes truck and air)	1 521 S	1.5 S	S S	SS	56 S	.3 S	1 178 S
Multiple modes	6 173	6.0	340	.3	302	1.4	561
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	5 838 290 S - S	5.7 .3 S - S	191 125 S - S	.2 .1 S - S	117 177 7 - S	.5 .8 - - S	560 1 454 3 417 - 69
Other and unknown modes	2 384	2.3	1 156	1.0	349	1.6	70

Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997 and Table 1b.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

		Value		Tons				Average miles per shipment				
Mode of transportation	1997 (million dollars)	1993 (million dollars)	Percent change	1997 (thousands)	1993 (thousands)	Percent change	1997 (millions)	1993 (millions)	Percent change	1997	1993	Percent change
All modes	102 750	83 567	23.0	115 922	117 138	-1.0	22 275	20 068	11.0	282	307	-8.2
Single modes	94 194	77 284	21.9	114 426	114 331	.1	21 624	19 239	12.4	173	180	-4.0
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	87 926 55 284 32 240	72 494 44 246 27 934	21.3 24.9 15.4	103 882 42 245 61 135	104 200 31 768 71 447	3 33.0 -14.4	16 027 12 002 3 897	14 171 9 296 4 752	13.1 29.1 –18.0	160 524 67	159 526 52	.6 3 30.1
Rail	4 616	4 136	11.6	10 438	9 292	12.3	5 539	4 713	17.5	568	571	5
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S S - S	\$ \$ - \$	S S - S	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$ - \$	S S - S	S S - S	S S - S	S S - S	110 109 - 115	S 589 - S	S -81.5 - S
Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline ²	1 521 S	612 S	148.4 S	s s	20 S	S S	56 S	23 S	141.2 S	1 178 S	1 197 S	-1.6 S
Multiple modes	6 173	4 857	27.1	340	346	-1.6	302	283	6.6	561	603	-6.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	5 838 290 S - S	4 604 S S -	26.8 S S - S	191 125 S - S	188 S 72 - -	1.6 S S - S	117 177 7 – S	105 141 37 - -	11.7 25.5 –80.9 – S	560 1 454 3 417 - 69	602 1 882 3 804 - -	-6.9 -22.8 -10.2 - S
Other and unknown modes	2 384	1 427	67.0	1 156	2 461	-53.0	349	546	-36.0	70	110	-36.1

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck.

2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 1c. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: Percent of **Total for 1997 and 1993**

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

Mode of transportation	Value (_I	percent)	Tons (p	percent)	Ton-miles (percent)		
wode of transportation	1997	1993	1997	1993	1997	1993	
All modes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Single modes	91.7	92.5	98.7	97.6	97.1	95.9	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	85.6 53.8 31.4	86.7 52.9 33.4	89.6 36.4 52.7	89.0 27.1 61.0	72.0 53.9 17.5	70.6 46.3 23.7	
Rail	4.5	4.9	9.0	7.9	24.9	23.5	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	\$ \$ \$	\$ \$ 5	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$ \$	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$ \$	
Air (includes truck and air)	1.5 S	.7 S	S S	s	.3 S	.1 S	
Multiple modes	6.0	5.8	.3	.3	1.4	1.4	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	5.7 .3 S - S	5.5 S S -	.2 .1 S - S	.2 S - -	.5 .8 - - S	.5 .7 .2 –	
Other and unknown modes	2.3	1.7	1.0	2.1	1.6	2.7	

Table 2. Shipment Characteristics by Total Modal Activity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Ton-		
Mode of transportation ¹	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
Total	22 275	100.0	280
Truck Rail Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	16 040 5 710 S - S	72.0 25.6 S - S	159 610 S - 2 696
Air Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Pipeline Other and unknown modes	51 117 S 349	.2 .5 S 1.6	1 099 560 S 70

¹Data represent activity for a given mode across single and multiple mode shipments. For example, "Truck" ton-miles includes total ton-miles for shipments moving by truck only plus ton-miles for truck segments only of multiple mode shipments.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D benotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols	-	lue	To		Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
All modes	102 750	100.0	115 922	100.0	22 275	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	20 163	19.6	64 056	55.3	1 360	6.1	
50 to 99 miles	9 874	9.6	14 048	12.1	1 312	5.9	
100 to 249 miles	24 424	23.8	17 477	15.1	3 572	16.0	
250 to 499 miles	18 412	17.9	9 469	8.2	4 654	20.9	
500 to 749 miles	15 654	15.2	6 725	5.8	5 167	23.2	
750 to 999 miles	6 041	5.9	2 356	2.0	2 643	11.9	
	3 039	3.0	910	.8	1 300	5.8	
	1 506	1.5	172	.1	376	1.7	
	3 638	3.5	707	.6	1 891	8.5	
Single modes	94 194	100.0	114 426	100.0	21 624	100.0	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	18 718	19.9	63 622	55.6	1 354	6.3	
	9 114	9.7	13 914	12.2	1 301	6.0	
	22 826	24.2	17 233	15.1	3 526	16.3	
	16 945	18.0	9 334	8.2	4 581	21.2	
	13 982	14.8	6 291	5.5	4 880	22.6	
750 to 999 miles	5 438	5.8	2 322	2.0	2 607	12.1	
	2 784	3.0	885	.8	1 265	5.8	
	1 210	1.3	155	.1	331	1.5	
	3 176	3.4	669	.6	1 780	8.2	
Truck ¹	87 926	100.0	103 882	100.0	16 027	100.0	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	18 284	20.8	62 499	60.2	1 330	8.3	
	8 816	10.0	13 010	12.5	1 183	7.4	
	20 881	23.7	13 834	13.3	2 679	16.7	
	15 607	17.8	6 837	6.6	3 154	19.7	
	13 095	14.9	4 850	4.7	3 595	22.4	
750 to 999 miles	4 886	5.6	1 554	1.5	1 606	10.0	
	2 571	2.9	634	.6	864	5.4	
	1 102	1.3	153	.1	325	2.0	
	2 684	3.1	511	.5	1 292	8.1	
For-hire truck	55 284	100.0	42 245	100.0	12 002	100.0	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	4 626	8.4	14 500	34.3	347	2.9	
	4 064	7.4	6 716	15.9	621	5.2	
	13 755	24.9	9 038	21.4	1 791	14.9	
	10 848	19.6	5 358	12.7	2 492	20.8	
	11 533	20.9	4 082	9.7	3 043	25.4	
750 to 999 miles	4 444	8.0	1 378	3.3	1 425	11.9	
	2 420	4.4	545	1.3	751	6.3	
	1 024	1.9	145	.3	310	2.6	
	2 569	4.6	483	1.1	1 223	10.2	
Private truck	32 240	100.0	61 135	100.0	3 897	100.0	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	13 624	42.3	47 896	78.3	977	25.1	
	4 692	14.6	6 165	10.1	546	14.0	
	7 020	21.8	4 637	7.6	859	22.0	
	4 721	14.6	1 445	2.4	646	16.6	
	1 450	4.5	700	1.1	504	12.9	
750 to 999 miles	419	1.3	170	.3	174	4.5	
	151	.5	S	S	S	S	
	78	.2	8	-	16	.4	
	85	.3	25	-	63	1.6	
Rail	4 616	100.0	10 438	100.0	5 539	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	320	6.9	1 121	10.7	24	.4	
	260	5.6	899	8.6	117	2.1	
	1 695	36.7	3 383	32.4	843	15.2	
	1 032	22.3	2 442	23.4	1 409	25.4	
	650	14.1	1 429	13.7	1 274	23.0	
750 to 999 miles	330	7.2	759	7.3	990	17.9	
	163	3.5	250	2.4	399	7.2	
	S	S	S	S	S	S	
	167	3.6	154	1.5	478	8.6	
Water	s	s	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	114 S S - S	87.7 S S - S	2 S S - S	36.9 S S - S	S S S	.7 S S - S	
750 to 999 miles	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Shallow draft	s	s	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	S - - - S	S - - - - S	\$ - - - \$	S - - - - S	S - - - - S	\$ - - s	
750 to 999 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	

Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbol	1				 _		
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Va Number	lue	To Number	ns	Ton- Number	miles	
	(million dollars)	Percent	(thousands)	Percent	(millions)	Percent	
Single modes—Con.							
Great Lakes	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Less than 50 miles		_ _	_ _	_ _			
100 to 249 miles	_	-	_	_	_	-	
500 to 749 miles	_	_	_	_		=	
750 to 999 miles	-	-	-	-	-	=	
1,000 to 1,499 miles							
2,000 miles or more	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Deep draft	s	s	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 miles	S	S	S S S	S S S	S	S S S	
100 to 249 miles	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	
500 to 749 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_	
750 to 999 miles			_ _	_ _			
1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more		_ _	_ _	_ _			
Air (includes truck and air)	1 521	100.0	s	s	56	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	_	_	_	_	_	-	
50 to 99 miles	S 243	S 16.0	S 16	S 16.4	S 4	S 6.9	
250 to 499 miles	307 229	20.2 15.1	S 9	S 9.1	S 9	S 15.5	
750 to 999 miles	229	14.6	S	9.1 S	S	15.5 S	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	50	3.3	1	1.1	2	3.0	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	107 325	7.0 21.4	1 4	1.0 4.0	2 10	3.4 18.5	
Pipeline ²	s	s	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 miles	S	s	S	S	S	S	
50 to 99 miles			_	_	S S	S	
250 to 499 miles			_ _	_ _	SS	9999	
750 to 999 miles	_	_	_	_			
1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles		_ _	_ _	_ _	\$ \$ \$ \$	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	
2,000 miles or more	-	-	-	-	Š	S	
Multiple modes	6 173	100.0	340	100.0	302	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	561 590	9.1 9.6	40 19	11.7 5.7	1 2	.2 .6	
100 to 249 miles	1 124 1 196	18.2 19.4	47 91	13.9 26.7	10 54	3.5 17.8	
500 to 749 miles	1 314	21.3	54	15.9	44	14.6	
750 to 999 miles	516	8.4	21	6.1	23	7.5	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	242 203	3.9 3.3	20 S	5.8 S	29 S	9.6 S	
2,000 miles or more	428	6.9	33	9.6	97	32.2	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	5 838	100.0	191	100.0	117	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	529 589	9.1 10.1	24 19	12.8 10.1	1 2	.5 1.6	
100 to 249 miles	1 111 1 102	19.0 18.9	38 34	19.9 17.9	8 16	6.5 13.9	
500 to 749 miles	1 256	21.5	39	20.2	29	24.8	
750 to 999 miles	500 229	8.6 3.9	15 7	8.0 3.6	16 10	13.4 8.8	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	125	2.1	4	1.9	7	6.4	
2,000 miles or more	395	6.8	11	5.5	28	24.2	
Truck and rail	290	100.0	125	100.0	177	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	
100 to 249 miles	S S S	S	S 56	S 44.7	S 37	S 20.8	
500 to 749 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S	
750 to 999 miles	S S	S S	S	S S	S S	S	
1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	S 31	S	S S 22	S	S	S	
		10.7		17.6	68	38.1	
Truck and water	S	S	S	S	7	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	
100 to 249 miles	S S	S S	S S	S S S	S S	SSS	
500 to 749 miles	Š	Š	S	Š	Š	S	
750 to 999 miles	S -	S	S -	S -	S -	S	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	_	_ _ S	_ _ s	_ _ S	_ _ S	- S	
2,000 miles or more	S	ı S	ı S	ı S	ı S	S	

Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

Mode of transportation and distance shipped	Va	lue	To	ons	Ton-miles		
(based on Great Circle Distance)	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
Multiple modes - Con.							
Rail and water	_	_	-	-	-	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	
750 to 999 miles	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	=======================================	
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	\$\$\$ - -	\$\$\$ - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ = -	\$ \$ \$ \$ = -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	888 - -	
750 to 999 miles	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	-	
Other and unknown modes	2 384	100.0	1 156	100.0	349	100.0	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	884 170 474 271 357	37.1 7.1 19.9 11.4 15.0	394 115 196 45 S	34.1 10.0 17.0 3.9 S	5 9 35 19 S	1.5 2.7 10.1 5.5 S	
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	87 S S 34	3.6 S S 1.4	13 5 S S	1.2 .4 S S	13 6 S 14	3.8 1.9 S 4.0	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Value		because of round To		Ton-	Ton-miles	
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
All modes	102 750	100.0	115 922	100.0	22 275	100.0	282
Less than 50 lb	5 841 2 295 7 247 2 660 1 681	5.7 2.2 7.1 2.6 1.6	172 159 1 123 587 455	.1 .1 1.0 .5 .4	56 39 232 130 94	.3 .2 1.0 .6 .4	336 245 210 221 204
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	23 325 49 594 3 673 6 435	22.7 48.3 3.6 6.3	6 853 63 918 24 422 18 234	5.9 55.1 21.1 15.7	1 719 12 222 1 661 6 123	7.7 54.9 7.5 27.5	232 202 66 437
Single modes	94 194	100.0	114 426	100.0	21 624	100.0	173
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	1 994 1 162 6 009 2 539 1 609	2.1 1.2 6.4 2.7 1.7	84 110 1 014 569 441	.1 .9 .5 .4	14 15 185 121 91	- .9 .6 .4	149 138 177 212 205
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	22 718 48 115 3 660 6 388	24.1 51.1 3.9 6.8	6 714 63 250 24 376 17 868	5.9 55.3 21.3 15.6	1 676 11 883 1 655 5 983	7.8 55.0 7.7 27.7	230 198 66 439
Truck¹ Less than 50 lb	87 926	100.0	103 882	100.0	16 027	100.0	160
Less trian 50 ib 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	1 729 1 029 5 395 2 413 1 593	2.0 1.2 6.1 2.7 1.8	82 108 1 006 567 440	1.0 1.0 .5 .4	12 13 175 120 90	1.1 .7 .6	128 120 168 211 203
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	22 431 47 866 3 335 2 133	25.5 54.4 3.8 2.4	6 702 63 139 23 985 7 852	6.5 60.8 23.1 7.6	1 668 11 792 1 496 661	10.4 73.6 9.3 4.1	229 197 62 106
For-hire truck	55 284 447	100.0	42 245	100.0	12 002	100.0	524
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	339 2 926 1 481 903	.8 .6 5.3 2.7 1.6	10 16 217 142 113	- .5 .3 .3	7 9 135 93 64	1.1 .8 .5	606 563 635 652 565
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	15 230 30 385 1 736 1 836	27.5 55.0 3.1 3.3	2 367 25 962 10 749 2 669	5.6 61.5 25.4 6.3	1 234 9 085 940 436	10.3 75.7 7.8 3.6	531 374 88 187
Private truck	32 240	100.0	61 135	100.0	3 897	100.0	67
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	1 280 690 2 460 929 685	4.0 2.1 7.6 2.9 2.1	72 92 788 425 327	.1 .2 1.3 .7 .5	5 4 40 26 26	.1 .1 1.0 .7 .7	76 42 49 61 80
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	7 185 17 185 1 583 243	22.3 53.3 4.9 .8	4 331 36 789 13 207 5 106	7.1 60.2 21.6 8.4	432 2 613 547 204	11.1 67.0 14.0 5.2	88 79 40 54
Rail	4 616	100.0	10 438	100.0	5 539	100.0	568
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	888	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	684 56 352 - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S 78 279 4 255	S 1.7 6.0 92.2	S 85 337 10 016	S .8 3.2 96.0	S 73 144 5 322	S 1.3 2.6 96.1	1 625 789 440 568
Water	S	s	S	s	s	s	110
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	88888	99999	S S S S S	55555	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	5555	6 204 6 S 135
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	41 S - -	31.3 S - -	1 S - -	13.1 S - -	S S - -	\$ \$ - -	39 446 — —
Shallow draft	s	s	s	s	s	s	109
Less than 50 lb	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	9999	\$ \$ \$ \$	8888 -	\$ \$ \$ -	9999 -	6 3 9 11
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S S - -	S S -	\$ \$ - -	S S - -	\$ \$ - -	S S -	10 589 — —

Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of **Origin: 1997**—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

[For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduct	Value			ons	Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
Single modes—Con.							
Great Lakes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb			-	_			
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb				_		-	_
750 to 999 lb	_	-	_	-	-	_	-
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	-		-	-	-	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Deep draft	s	s	s	s	s	s	115
Less than 50 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
50 to 99 lb	S	S	S	S S S S	S S	S S	304 3
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	S	<i>SSS</i>	8888	S	SS	S	306 135
1,000 to 9,999 lb	s	S		S	S	S	158
10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S	S - -	S S -	S -	S - -	S	S -
Air (includes truck and air)	1 521	100.0	s	s	56	100.0	1 178
Less than 50 lb	263	17.3	2	1.8	2	3.6	1 159
50 to 99 lb	133 612	8.7 40.3	2 8	1.5 8.3	2 10	3.5 18.3	1 367 1 250
500 to 749 lb	S 14	S .9	2	1.8	1	2.4 2.0	731 1 265
1,000 to 9,999 lb	242	15.9	11	10.6	8	14.5	772
10,000 to 49,999 lb	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	720 289
100,000 lb or more	- s	- S	- S	S	- S	s	- S
Less than 50 lb	_	-	-	_	S	S	
50 to 99 lb	_				S S	S S	S
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb				_	S	S	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
1,000 to 9,999 lb	s	S	S	S		S	
10,000 to 49,999 lb	_ S	S	S	- S	S S S	S	888
100,000 lb or more	6 173	100.0	340	100.0	S 302	100.0	S 561
Multiple modes	3 624	58.7	76	22.4	41	13.7	553
50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb	1 071 1 038	17.4 16.8	39 62	11.5 18.1	23 44	7.6 14.7	584 694
500 to 749 lb	81	1.3	9	2.7	7	2.4	790 342
750 to 999 lb	19 S	.3 S	5	1.4	2 S	.5 S	
1,000 to 9,999 lb . 10,000 to 49,999 lb .	323	5.2	143	.2 42.1	177	58.5	1 482 1 236
50,000 to 99,999 lb	s	S	S	S	S	S	1 054
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	5 838	100.0	191	100.0	117	100.0	560
Less than 50 lb	3 624 1 071	62.1 18.3	76 39	39.9 20.5	41 23	35.3 19.5	552 584
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb	1 038	17.8 1.4	62 9	32.2 4.8	44 7	37.7 6.1	694 779
750 to 999 lb	19	.3	5	2.5	2	1.4	342
1,000 to 9,999 lb	s	S	S	S -	S	S	103
50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	Ξ.	_	_	=	_	_	Ξ
Truck and rail	290	100.0	125	100.0	177	100.0	1 454
Less than 50 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 to 99 lb	s	S	- S S	S	S	s	3 298
500 to 749 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	290 —
1,000 to 9,999 lb	s	S	S	S	S	S	2 914
10,000 to 49,999 lb	280	96.7	119	95.4	171	96.3	1 417
100,000 lb or more	s s	s s	s s	s s	S 7	100.0	1 054 3 417
Less than 50 lb	s	S	s	s	s	S S	7 623
50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb	-	-	-		-		-
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	S _	S -	S -	S -	S -	S _	7 317
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S	S	S	S	S	S	4 548
10,000 to 49,999 lb. 50,000 to 99,999 lb.	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	507 -
100,000 lb or more	-	_	-	-	_	-	-

Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		То	ns	Ton-		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
Multiple modes — Con.							
Rail and water	_	-	-	_	_	-	-
Less than 50 lb	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
50 to 99 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
100 to 499 lb	_			_	_	_	_
750 to 999 lb	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
1,000 to 9,999 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb	_	_	_		_		_
100,000 lb or more	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	69
Less than 50 lb							
50 to 99 lb	s	S	S	s	s	S	133
100 to 499 lb	-	-	-	_	_	_	-
500 to 749 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
750 to 999 lb	_	1	1	_	_	_	ı
1.000 to 9.999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb	s	S	S	S	S	S	1
50,000 to 99,999 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	-
100,000 lb or more	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	2 384	100.0	1 156	100.0	349	100.0	70
Less than 50 lb	223	9.3	11	1.0	1	.2	S
50 to 99 lb	61	2.6	10	.9	S	S	49 S
100 to 499 lb	199	8.4	47	4.0	3	.8	. S
500 to 749 lb	39 52	1.7 2.2	8	.7	2	.5	176 S
750 to 999 lb	52	2.2	9	.8	'	.2	5
1.000 to 9.999 lb	593	24.9	139	12.0	41	11.9	295
10,000 to 49,999 lb	1 157	48.5	524	45.4	162	46.4	313
50,000 to 99,999 lb	13	.6	47	4.0	S	S	127
100,000 lb or more	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

⁻ Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.

D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.

S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 5. Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

SCTG		Valu	ıe	То	ins	Ton-	miles	
code	Commodity description	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
	All commodities	102 750	100.0	115 922	100.0	22 275	100.0	282
01 02 03 04 05	Live animals and live fish Cereal grains Other agricultural products Animal feed and products of animal origin, n.e.c. Meat, fish, seafood, and their preparations	\$ 33 575 292 2 456	S - .6 .3 2.4	\$ 272 1 022 866 1 338	\$.2 .9 .7	\$ 30 169 63 546	S .1 .8 .3 2.5	66 484 280 122 134
06 07 08 09 10	Milled grain products and preparations, and bakery products Other prepared foodstuffs and fats and oils Alcoholic beverages Tobacco products Monumental or building stone	1 507 2 229 949 84 S	1.5 2.2 .9 - S	871 3 360 736 5 S	.8 2.9 .6 - S	296 337 19 - S	1.3 1.5 - - S	288 50 28 65 29
11 12 13 14 15	Natural sands Gravel and crushed stone Nonmetallic minerals n.e.c. Metallic ores and concentrates Coal	83 159 S 72	- .2 S -	5 908 23 586 970 140	5.1 20.3 .8 .1 –	547 570 529 53	2.5 2.6 2.4 .2	\$ 23 213 448 -
17 18 19 20 21	Gasoline and aviation turbine fuel. Fuel oils Coal and petroleum products, n.e.c. Basic chemicals Pharmaceutical products	1 624 432 640 4 510 1 686	1.6 .4 .6 4.4 1.6	6 295 2 290 1 308 3 739 202	5.4 2.0 1.1 3.2 .2	222 97 306 1 100 87	1.0 .4 1.4 4.9 .4	34 28 87 316 S
22 23 24 25 26	Fertilizers Chemical products and preparations, n.e.c. Plastics and rubber Logs and other wood in the rough Wood products	346 2 883 6 012 267 2 617	.3 2.8 5.9 .3 2.5	1 287 1 812 2 662 8 392 7 580	1.1 1.6 2.3 7.2 6.5	49 713 1 407 362 1 751	.2 3.2 6.3 1.6 7.9	\$ 474 198 50 146
27 28 29 30 31	Pulp, newsprint, paper, and paperboard Paper or paperboard articles Printed products Textiles, leather, and articles of textiles or leather Nonmetallic mineral products	3 572 2 045 1 173 23 412 1 589	3.5 2.0 1.1 22.8 1.5	5 955 1 518 1 034 5 677 14 035	5.1 1.3 .9 4.9 12.1	3 367 396 S 2 646 1 378	15.1 1.8 S 11.9 6.2	202 382 230 733 102
32 33 34 35 36	Base metal in primary or semifinished forms and in finished basic shapes. Articles of base metal Machinery Electronic and other electrical equipment and components and office equipment Motorized and other vehicles (including parts)	3 816 2 672 9 474 6 508 5 954	3.7 2.6 9.2 6.3 5.8	4 555 1 110 790 579 742	3.9 1.0 .7 .5	2 051 395 502 430 381	9.2 1.8 2.3 1.9 1.7	216 277 275 532 S
37 38 39	Transportation equipment, n.e.c. Precision instruments and apparatus Furniture, mattresses and mattress supports, lamps, lighting fittings, and	814 934	.8 .9	49 S	- s	30 S	.1 S	877 262
40 41 43	illuminated signs Miscellaneous manufactured products Waste and scrap Mixed freight Commodity unknown	1 048 3 940 376 S 327	1.0 3.8 .4 S .3	245 570 2 059 1 165 388	.2 .5 1.8 1.0 .3	127 249 420 S 22	.6 1.1 1.9 S .1	406 467 190 79 317

Note: Data exclude shipments of SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum. See the section "Industry Coverage" for additional information.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, s	Val		To		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
ALL COMMODITIES							
Total	102 750	100.0	115 922	100.0	22 275	100.0	282
Single modes	94 194	91.7	114 426	98.7	21 624	97.1	173
Truck ¹	87 926 55 284 32 240	85.6 53.8 31.4	103 882 42 245 61 135	89.6 36.4 52.7	16 027 12 002 3 897	72.0 53.9 17.5	160 524 67
Rail	4 616	4.5	10 438	9.0	5 539	24.9	568
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S S - S	S S - S	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$ - \$	110 109 - 115
Air (includes truck and air)	1 521 S	1.5 S	S S	S S	56 S	.3 S	1 178 S
Multiple modes	6 173	6.0	340	.3	302	1.4	561
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	5 838 290 S - S	5.7 .3 S - S	191 125 S - S	.2 .1 S - S	117 177 7 - S	.5 .8 - - S	560 1 454 3 417 - 69
Other and unknown modes	2 384	2.3	1 156	1.0	349	1.6	7 0
SCTG 01, LIVE ANIMALS AND LIVE FISH							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	66
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	66
Truck ¹	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	66 277 50
Rail	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)		_ _	_ _	_ _	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier. Truck and rail . Truck and water Rail and water	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Other multiple modes	_	_	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
SCTG 02, CEREAL GRAINS Total	33	100.0	272	100.0	30	100.0	484
Single modes	32	98.3	272	99.7	30	99.4	64
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	29 27 S	88.9 81.5 S	246 227 S	90.4 83.6 S	19 18 S	62.8 60.7 S	57 74 S
Rail	s	S	S	S	S	s	433
Water		_	_		_	_	_
Great Lakes Deep draft			_ _			_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		_ _	=	_ _ _	_ S	- s	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	687
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S - - -	S - -	S - - -	S - - -	S - - -	S - - -	687 - - -
Other multiple modes	_	-		-	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	l s	s	l s	s	S	l s	63

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

2070	Value		Tons	3	Ton-mil	es	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 03, OTHER AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS							
Total	575	100.0	1 022	100.0	169	100.0	280
Single modes	546	94.9	991	97.0	168	99.5	240
Truck ¹	447	77.7	682	66.7	70	41.3	240
For-hire truck Private truck	158 289	27.5 50.2	144 538	14.0 52.6	27 43	16.1 25.2	882 S
Rail	99	17.2	310	30.3	98	58.3	336
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S _	S -	S	S S	1 815 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 165
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	S	S	s	s	1 165
Truck and railTruck and water	_	-	_	_	-	-	-
Rail and water	_	-	_	_	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	6
SCTG 04, ANIMAL FEED AND PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, N.E.C.							
Total	292	100.0	866	100.0	63	100.0	122
Single modes	291	99.8	866	100.0	63	100.0	115
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	279 161 118	95.3 55.1 40.2	830 387 443	95.8 44.7 51.1	57 38 18	90.2 60.9 29.3	115 S 54
Rail	S	s	s	s	S	s	170
Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipelline ²	S -	S _	S _	S _	S S	S S	266 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 454
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 454
Truck and water	-	-	-	-	_ _ _	-	=
Rail and water	-	-	-	_	=	-	=
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	4
SCTG 05, MEAT, FISH, SEAFOOD, AND THEIR PREPARATIONS							
Total	2 456	100.0	1 338	100.0	546	100.0	134
Single modes	2 328	94.8	1 302	97.3	533	97.6	138
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	2 328 728 1 601	94.8 29.6 65.2	1 302 442 860	97.3 33.0 64.2	533 335 197	97.6 61.4 36.1	138 674 122
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)		_	-		- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Truck and rail . Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - - -	_ _ _ _
		_	_		- [-	

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons	3	Ton-	niles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 06, MILLED GRAIN PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, AND BAKERY PRODUCTS							
Total	1 507	100.0	871	100.0	296	100.0	288
Single modes	1 505	99.9	870	99.9	296	99.9	259
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 505 880 625	99.8 58.4 41.5	870 528 342	99.9 60.6 39.3	296 255 41	99.9 85.9 14.0	242 248 241
Rail	-	-	-	-	=	-	=
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft		-	_	-	=	-	-
Great Lakes		-	- -	_ _	_ _	- -	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S _	S -	S -	S -	S	S S	2 520 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	857
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	S	S	s	857
Truck and rail		_	_	_	_	_	_ _
Rail and water	_	-	-	_	_	_	_ _
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	40
SCTG 07, OTHER PREPARED FOODSTUFFS AND FATS AND OILS							
Total	2 229	100.0	3 360	100.0	337	100.0	50
Single modes	2 215	99.4	3 343	99.5	335	99.5	29
Truck ¹	2 184	98.0	3 271	97.3	322	95.4	28
For-hire truck Private truck	261 1 914	11.7 85.9	415 2 834	12.4 84.4	106 207	31.4 61.5	257 27
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Water Shallow draft		-	_	_		-	_
Great Lakes		-	-	_	-	-	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	SS	s s	908 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	804
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	S	s	804
Truck and rail		-	=	=	_	=	_
Rail and water		-	-	_	_	=	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	17
SCTG 08, ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES							
Total	949	100.0	736	100.0	19	100.0	28
Single modes	944	99.5	732	99.4	19	99.2	28
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	944 187 757	99.5 19.7 79.8	732 53 679	99.4 7.2 92.2	19 5 14	99.2 26.1 73.2	28 86 24
Rail	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes	_	-	-	_	_ _	-	- -
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	_	-	-	-	_	-	_
Pipeline ²	_	=	-	=	S	s	S
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	- -	_ _	_ _	- -	- -
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	_	_		-	_
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	S	s	35

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

0070	Value		Tor	ns	Ton-mil	es	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipmen
SCTG 09, TOBACCO PRODUCTS							
Total	84	100.0	5	100.0	_	100.0	65
Single modes	84	99.9	5	100.0	_	99.9	6
Fruck ¹	84	99.9	5	100.0	_	99.9	6
For-hire truck Private truck	S 82	97.5	S 5	S 98.2	S -	97.6	8 6
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Nater Shallow draft	_	-	_	_	-	-	
Great Lakes Deep draft		-	-	-	-	-	
oir (includes truck and air)pipeline²		-	_		s	- s	
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	_	-	-	
Fruck and rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rail and water	_	-	-	_	-	-	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	9
SCTG 10, MONUMENTAL OR BUILDING STONE							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	2
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	3
ruck ¹	s	s	s	s	s	s	3
For-hire truck Private truck	- S	- S	- S	- S	- s	- S	3
Rail	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Vater	_	_	-	_	_	-	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	-	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	_	-	_ _	-	_ S	- S	
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	_	-	-	
Fruck and rail. Fruck and water	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	-	- -	-	-	-	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1
SCTG 11, NATURAL SANDS							
Total	83	100.0	5 908	100.0	547	100.0	:
Single modes	78	93.9	5 900	99.9	547	99.9	
Fruck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	62 42 20	74.7 50.5 24.0	5 205 1 700 S	88.1 28.8 S	348 S S	63.6 S S	
Rail	16	19.2	695	11.8	199	36.3	28
Vater Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	_	_	_ S	_ S	
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	-	_	-	_	
Fruck and rail Fruck and water	_	_	-	_	-	-	
Rail and water	_	-		_	_	_ _	
	[I					

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value)	To	ns	Ton-i	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 12, GRAVEL AND CRUSHED STONE							
Total	159	100.0	23 586	100.0	570	100.0	23
Single modes	158	99.9	23 580	100.0	570	100.0	23
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	156 39 118	98.6 24.4 74.2	23 106 4 096 19 010	98.0 17.4 80.6	529 113 416	92.8 19.9 72.9	23 29 21
Rail	s	s	s	s	S	s	99
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _	-	- -	_ _	- S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail. Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	124
SCTG 13, NONMETALLIC MINERALS N.E.C.							
Total	s	s	970	100.0	529	100.0	213
Single modes	s	s	960	99.0	523	98.8	203
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S 20	S S 22.4	S 390 S	\$ 40.2 \$	237 222 S	44.8 42.0 S	174 509 S
Rail	17	18.5	235	24.2	286	54.0	1 232
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _	-	- -	_ _	- S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	S S - -	S S - -	\$ \$ - -	\$ \$ - -	S S - -	S S -	442 1 792 - -
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 14, METALLIC ORES AND CONCENTRATES							
Total	72	100.0	140	100.0	53	100.0	448
Single modes	72	100.0	140	100.0	53	100.0	448
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	24 23 S	17.3 16.5 S	SSS	S S S	498 609 39
Rail	s	s	109	78.2	41	77.3	410
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	SS	170 S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	-1	-1	-1	-1	- 1	- 1	-

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

OOTO and a description of the first of the	Value		Tons	•	Ton-mile	es	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 15, COAL							
Total	_	-	_	_	-	-	-
Single modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Truck ¹ For-hire truck	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Private truck	_	-	-	-	-	-	_ _
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water	_	_	-	-	-	-	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	- -	-	- -	- -	- -	-	- -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		-	-	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	_	-	-	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	_	-	-	_
Truck and rail. Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	-	-	-	-	=
Other multiple modes	_	-	=	=	=	-	=
Other and unknown modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SCTG 17, GASOLINE AND AVIATION TURBINE FUEL							
Total	1 624	100.0	6 295	100.0	222	100.0	34
Single modes	1 617	99.6	6 291	99.9	222	99.9	34
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 617 564 1 054	99.6 34.7 64.9	6 291 2 375 3 915	99.9 37.7 62.2	222 100 122	99.9 45.2 54.7	34 42 29
Rail	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Water	_	-	-	_	-	-	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- -	- - -	- -	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		-	-	-	s	s	S
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	_	-	-	_ _
Truck and water	_ _	-		-			_ _
Other multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	41
SCTG 18, FUEL OILS							
Total	432	100.0	2 290	100.0	97	100.0	28
Single modes	432	100.0	2 290	100.0	97	100.0	28
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	419 174 245	96.9 40.3 56.6	2 210 976 1 235	96.5 42.6 53.9	89 53 36	91.5 54.6 36.8	27 47 20
Rail	S	s	S	S	S	S	103
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	- -	- - -	_	- -	- - S	- - S	- - S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	_	-	-	-	-
Truck and rail. Truck and water		-	-	-	-	-	_ _
Rail and water Other multiple modes	- -	-	-	-	-	-	
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	-

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

To explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, se	Val			ons	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 19, COAL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.E.C.							
Total	640	100.0	1 308	100.0	306	100.0	87
Single modes	638	99.6	1 307	99.9	306	100.0	84
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	618 309 264	96.5 48.2 41.2	1 281 749 465	97.9 57.2 35.6	293 232 45	95.6 75.7 14.8	83 317 62
Rail	s	S	s	s	S	s	562
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	=======================================	=======================================	- - -	- - -	- - -	=======================================
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	s -	S -	S S	S S	780 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	196
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S - - -	S - - -	S - - -	S - - - -	S	S - - -	196 - - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 20, BASIC CHEMICALS							
Total	4 510	100.0	3 739	100.0	1 100	100.0	316
Single modes	4 338	96.2	3 647	97.5	1 091	99.2	323
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	3 719 3 339 380	82.5 74.0 8.4	2 531 1 996 S	67.7 53.4 S	828 776 S	75.3 70.6 S	300 547 47
Rail	608	13.5	1 114	29.8	263	23.9	778
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	=	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	=======================================
Air (includes truck and air)	S S	S S	s s	S S	S S	s s	1 277 S
Multiple modes	12	.3	_	_	-	-	359
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	12	.3	_ _		-	_	359
Truck and water	_ _	- -	_ _		- -	- -	- -
Other multiple modes Other and unknown modes	s	- s	- s	s	s	s	- s
		J					J
SCTG 21, PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS Total	1 686	100.0	202	100.0	87	100.0	s
Single modes	1 491	88.4	198	97.9	86	98.3	s
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 414 654 761	83.9 38.8 45.1	197 165 S	97.4 81.4 S	85 80 5	97.7 92.2 5.5	100 255 90
Rail	_	=	_	_	_	=	=
Water	_	-	-	_	-	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	1 S	.6 S	1 001 S
Multiple modes	193	11.4	4	2.0	1	1.5	384
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	193 - - -	11.4 - - -	4 - - -	2.0 - - -	1 - - -	1.5 - - -	384 - - -
Other and unknown modes	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Other and unknown modes	l s	S	l s	l s	S	l s	241

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-m	niles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 22, FERTILIZERS							
Total	346	100.0	1 287	100.0	49	100.0	s
Single modes	340	98.4	1 265	98.3	47	96.5	s
Truck ¹	340	98.2	1 264	98.2	47	96.3	S
For-hire truck Private truck	S 272	S 78.5	S 1 149	89.3	SS	S S	192 S
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft	S _	S -	S -	S -	S _	S -	200
Great Lakes Deep draft	s	S	s	s	s	S	200
Air (includes truck and air)Pipelline ²	- -	-	-	_	S	- S	S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	255
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	s	S -	S	S	255
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	_	-	-	-	_
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 23, CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, N.E.C.							
Total	2 883	100.0	1 812	100.0	713	100.0	474
Single modes	2 693	93.4	1 773	97.9	701	98.2	339
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	2 594 2 249 314	90.0 78.0 10.9	1 669 1 315 230	92.1 72.5 12.7	636 587 32	89.2 82.3 4.6	324 524 71
Rail	80	2.8	103	5.7	62	8.6	590
Water Shallow draft	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _	-	_	<u>-</u> -	-	- -	<u>-</u>
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	SS	S S	1 247 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	723
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	S	S	S	S	724 2 901
Truck and water Rail and water		-	-	-	-	-	2 901
Other multiple modes	S	S	s	S	S	s	64
Other and unknown modes	26	.9	16	.9	s	s	S
SCTG 24, PLASTICS AND RUBBER							
Total	6 012	100.0	2 662	100.0	1 407	100.0	198
Single modes	5 531	92.0	2 579	96.9	1 385	98.4	140
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	5 037 2 788 2 250	83.8 46.4 37.4	2 082 1 039 1 043	78.2 39.0 39.2	813 516 297	57.7 36.7 21.1	133 494 59
Rail	443	7.4	482	18.1	560	39.8	1 284
Water	_	_	-	-	_	-	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S _	S -	SS	S S	816 S
Multiple modes	190	3.2	24	.9	21	1.5	482
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	173 S	2.9 S	13 S	.5 S S	9 S	.7 S	482 2 963
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	683 - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	2	.1	s

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

i or explanation of terms and meaning or appreviations and symbols, se	Valu		То		Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 25, LOGS AND OTHER WOOD IN THE ROUGH							
Total	267	100.0	8 392	100.0	362	100.0	50
Single modes	267	99.9	8 375	99.8	361	99.6	50
Truck1	264	98.8	8 309	99.0	349	96.5	50
For-hire truck Private truck	178 85	66.8 32.0	4 622 S	55.1 S	238 111	65.8 30.7	53 43
Rail	S	S	S	s	S	s	151
Water		- -	<u> </u>	- -		_ _	- -
Great Lakes Deep draft		_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	- -
Air (includes truck and air)		- -	_ _	_ _	_ S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	_	-	_	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	_	-	-	=
Truck and railTruck and water	_	=	_	_ _	_		_
Rail and water	_	_	_ _	_		_ _	_ _
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	87
SCTG 26, WOOD PRODUCTS							
Total	2 617	100.0	7 580	100.0	1 751	100.0	146
Single modes	2 567	98.1	7 469	98.5	1 725	98.5	138
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	2 368 1 368 995	90.5 52.3 38.0	6 485 3 957 2 425	85.6 52.2 32.0	1 260 906 340	71.9 51.7 19.4	131 227 93
Rail	199	7.6	984	13.0	466	26.6	473
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)		- -	=	=	S	s	s
Multiple modes	6	.2	s	s	s	s	519
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s s	S S S	S	S S S	S S	S S	518 568
Truck and water	S	Š	S		S	S	488
Rail and water	_	-	_			-	_ _
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	137
SCTG 27, PULP, NEWSPRINT, PAPER, AND PAPERBOARD							
Total	3 572	100.0	5 955	100.0	3 367	100.0	202
Single modes	3 519	98.5	5 875	98.7	3 292	97.8	198
Truck ¹	2 285 2 021	64.0 56.6	3 084 2 843	51.8 47.7	1 659 1 632	49.3 48.5	176 537
Private truck	264	7.4	241	4.1	27	.8	49
Rail	1 234	34.6	2 791	46.9	1 633	48.5	584
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft	_	-	_ _	_ _		_ _	_ _
Great Lakes Deep draft		- -	-	_ _	-	_ _	- -
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_		_ _	_ S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	284
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	9 S	.3 S	1 S	_ S	_ S	_ S	232 1 302
Truck and water Rail and water		- -	_ _	_ _ _	-		-
Other multiple modes	-	-	_	_	_	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	49

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

2072	Value		Tons		Ton-mi	iles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 28, PAPER OR PAPERBOARD ARTICLES							
Total	2 045	100.0	1 518	100.0	396	100.0	382
Single modes	1 956	95.7	1 487	98.0	372	94.1	398
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 943 1 354 588	95.0 66.2 28.8	1 449 890 557	95.4 58.6 36.7	366 303 63	92.5 76.4 16.0	398 298 418
Rail	s	s	S	S	s	s	143
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	704 704 - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S _	S _	S -	S -	S S	S S	918 S
Multiple modes	64	3.1	15	1.0	s	s	332
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	44 S - - -	2.1 S - -	7 S - -	.4 S - -	2 S - -	.5 S - - -	328 2 370 - - -
Other and unknown modes	24	1.2	s	s	4	.9	s
SCTG 29, PRINTED PRODUCTS							
Total	1 173	100.0	1 034	100.0	s	s	230
Single modes	988	84.3	994	96.1	s	s	82
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	986 230 756	84.0 19.6 64.5	993 184 809	96.1 17.8 78.3	S 36 S	S 13.6 S	79 S 61
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S -	S -	S _	S -	S	S S	589 S
Multiple modes	143	12.2	17	1.7	4	1.6	583
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	143	12.2	17	1.7	4	1.6	583
Truck and water	=	=	=	_	=	-	=
Rail and water Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Other and unknown modes	42	3.5	23	2.2	s	s	s
SCTG 30, TEXTILES, LEATHER, AND ARTICLES OF TEXTILES OR LEATHER							
Total	23 412	100.0	5 677	100.0	2 646	100.0	733
Single modes	21 939	93.7	5 575	98.2	2 569	97.1	631
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	21 668 15 557 5 949	92.5 66.4 25.4	5 306 3 546 1 719	93.5 62.5 30.3	2 199 1 832 348	83.1 69.2 13.2	618 756 187
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 108
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline ²	42	.2	2	_	3 S	.1 S	1 407 S
Multiple modes	1 069	4.6	51	.9	48	1.8	833
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	1 047	4.5	44	.8	38	1.5	831
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	\$ \$ \$ -	\$ \$ \$ - -	\$ \$ \$ - -	.9 S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	1 330 7 017 –
			_	_			

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons	3	Ton-m	niles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 31, NONMETALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS							
Total	1 589	100.0	14 035	100.0	1 378	100.0	102
Single modes	1 543	97.1	13 734	97.9	1 229	89.2	97
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 473 877 594	92.7 55.2 37.4	13 290 3 122 10 168	94.7 22.2 72.4	1 007 686 320	73.0 49.8 23.3	93 314 36
Rail	66	4.1	441	3.1	221	16.0	494
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline ²	- S -	S _	S _	- S -	- S S	S S	1 069 S
Multiple modes	7	.4	-	_	_	_	335
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	7 8 - - -	.4 S - - -	- S - - -	- S - -	- S - - -	- S - - -	336 10 - -
Other and unknown modes	39	2.5	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 32, BASE METAL IN PRIMARY OR SEMIFINISHED FORMS AND IN FINISHED BASIC SHAPES							
Total	3 816	100.0	4 555	100.0	2 051	100.0	216
Single modes	3 746	98.2	4 497	98.7	2 017	98.3	208
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	3 167 2 083 1 034	83.0 54.6 27.1	2 905 1 941 926	63.8 42.6 20.3	954 762 165	46.5 37.2 8.1	194 454 84
Rail	545	14.3	1 592	34.9	1 062	51.8	668
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	992 S
Multiple modes	35	.9	12	.3	11	.5	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Roll and water	27 8 - -	.7 .2 - -	2 10 - -	- .2 - -	1 10 - -	- .5 - -	S 1 028 -
Other multiple modes Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	110
SCTG 33, ARTICLES OF BASE METAL							
Total	2 672	100.0	1 110	100.0	395	100.0	277
Single modes	2 177	81.4	1 077	97.0	384	97.1	182
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	2 165 1 243 870	81.0 46.5 32.5	1 073 598 445	96.6 53.8 40.0	381 248 S	96.3 62.6 S	180 518 56
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline ²	- S -	S _	- S -	- S -	- S S	S S	617 S
Multiple modes	361	13.5	11	1.0	5	1.4	423
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	357 S S	13.4 S S	988	.8 S S	5 8 8 -	1.2 S S	423 314 4 300
Other multiple modes	s	s	22	2.0	6	1.5	76

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Value		Tons		Ton-miles			
	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipmen	
SCTG 34, MACHINERY								
Total	9 474	100.0	790	100.0	502	100.0	275	
Single modes	8 217	86.7	737	93.3	485	96.5	209	
Truck ¹	7 205	76.1	722	91.4	478	95.1	195	
For-hire truck Private truck	6 063 1 129	64.0 11.9	590 131	74.7 16.6	410 S	81.7 S	530 43	
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	322	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -		
Air (includes truck and air)	283	3.0	3 –	.4	3 S	.6 S	82	
Multiple modes	858	9.1	13	1.7	7	1.5	38	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	856	9.0	13	1.7	6	1.2	380	
Truck and rail	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	2 960 7 316	
Rail and water	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	
Other and unknown modes	399	4.2	39	5.0	10	2.1	58	
SCTG 35, ELECTRONIC AND OTHER ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND COMPONENTS AND OFFICE EQUIPMENT								
Total	6 508	100.0	579	100.0	430	100.0	532	
Single modes	5 048	77.6	536	92.6	374	86.9	233	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	4 425 3 552 873	68.0 54.6 13.4	529 477 52	91.4 82.4 9.0	366 360 6	85.1 83.7 1.4	182 610 34	
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	
Air (includes truck and air)	622	9.6	7 –	1.2	8 S	1.8 S	1 189	
Multiple modes	1 355	20.8	33	5.8	s	s	743	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	1 274 S	19.6 S	21 S	3.6 S	15 S	3.5 S	742 2 893	
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-		_	=	-		
Other multiple modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	88	
Other and unknown modes	106	1.6	9	1.6	5	1.2	76	
SCTG 36, MOTORIZED AND OTHER VEHICLES (INCLUDING PARTS)								
Total	5 954	100.0	742	100.0	381	100.0	S	
Single modes	5 403	90.8	657	88.6	338	88.9	8	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	5 152 4 000 1 152	86.5 67.2 19.4	592 414 179	79.8 55.8 24.1	288 208 80	75.7 54.6 21.1	605 35	
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	793	
Water Shallow draft	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	
Great Lakes	_	-	-	-	-		-	
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	61	1.0	S -	S -	1 S	.3 S	996	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	375	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	94 S	1.6 S	S	S	2	.6 S	374 784	
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 - - -	- - -	5 - - -	/ 64 - - -	
Other and unknown modes	337	5.7	s	s	s	s	5	

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation SCTG 37, TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, N.E.C. Total Single modes Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	Number (million dollars) 814 709 451 362 89	100.0 87.2 55.4	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
Total	709 451 362	87.2		100.0			
Single modes Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	709 451 362	87.2		100.0			
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	451 362			100.0	30	100.0	877
For-hire truck Private truck	362	EE 1	45	91.8	30	97.5	899
D-11		44.4 11.0	33 24 S	67.4 49.4 S	26 22 S	85.8 71.1 S	912 976 435
Rail	S	s	s	s	s	s	510
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$ - \$	S S - S	S S - S	S 8 - 111
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	118	14.5	1 -	1.6	1 S	1.8 S	1 056 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	-	.8	826
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Raii and water Other multiple modes	\$ - \$ - -	S - S -	- - S - -	.5 - S -	- - S - -	.7 - S - -	832 - 16 - -
Other and unknown modes	S	s	S	s	s	s	651
SCTG 38, PRECISION INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS							
Total	934	100.0	s	s	s	s	262
Single modes	665	71.2	S	s	s	s	488
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	615 543 72	65.8 58.1 7.7	S S 3	S S 1.0	SSS	S S S	378 644 S
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S _	S -	S -	S -	S S	SS	1 322 S
Multiple modes	262	28.1	s	s	2	1.5	248
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes Other and unknown modes	262 - - - - - S	28.1 - - - - - S	\$ - - -	S	2 - - - - s	1.5 - - - - - s	248 - - - - - S
SCTG 39, FURNITURE, MATTRESSES AND MATTRESS SUPPORTS, LAMPS, LIGHTING FITTINGS, AND ILLUMINATED SIGNS							
Total	1 048	100.0	245	100.0	127	100.0	406
Single modes	1 028	98.1	242	99.0	126	99.1	382
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	994 750 244	94.9 71.5 23.3	240 193 47	98.2 78.7 19.4	124 112 12	97.4 88.0 9.3	359 566 93
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S	1 430 S
Multiple modes	15	1.5	1	.6	1	.5	633
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	15 - - -	1.5 - - -	1 - - -	.6 - - -	1 - - -	.5 - - -	633 - - -
Other multiple modes	5	- .4	- 1	- .4	- 1	- .4	- s

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 40, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS							
Total	3 940	100.0	570	100.0	249	100.0	467
Single modes	2 839	72.0	536	93.9	229	91.8	552
Truck ¹	2 747	69.7	532	93.3	225	90.4	488
For-hire truck	1 962 755	49.8 19.2	S 141	S 24.7	180 39	72.3 15.7	877 120
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft	_	_	-	-	-	_	-
Great Lakes Deep draft		-	-	_ _ _	-	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	92	2.3	s	s	3	1.4	1 577
Pipèline ²	-	-	-	=	S	S	S
Multiple modes	1 055	26.8	32	5.6	20	8.0	447
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	1 055	26.8	32	5.6	20	8.0	447
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	_	_	_	-	_ _
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Other and unknown modes	46	1.2	3	.5	1	.2	218
SCTG 41, WASTE AND SCRAP							
Total	376	100.0	2 059	100.0	420	100.0	190
Single modes	369	98.1	2 002	97.3	385	91.6	175
Truck¹	319 254	84.8 67.5	1 586 S	77.0 S	268 S	63.7 S	168 215
Private truck	64	17.1	480	23.3	36	8.5	75
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	267
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft	_	-	_	_	_		<u>-</u>
Great Lakes Deep draft		-	-	_ _	-	- -	=
Air (includes truck and air)	s	s	s	S	S S	S	277 S
Pipeline ²	_	-	-	-	5		5
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	_	_	_	-	_ _
Truck and water	_	-	_ _	_	-	-	_
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Other and unknown modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	624
SCTG 43, MIXED FREIGHT							
Total	s	s	1 165	100.0	s	s	79
Single modes	s	s	1 162	99.7	s	s	79
Truck ¹ For-hire truck	S S	S	1 162 S	99.7 S	S	S	79 309
Private truck	S	S	1 156	99.2	S	S	78
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water	_	-	-	_ _	-		=
Great Lakes Deep draft	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	_	-	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	528
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	S	s	s	528
Truck and rail. Truck and water	_	-	-	-	-	-	520
Rail and water Other multiple modes		-	-	_	-	-	=
Care. mempio modeo	_	_	_	_		-	_

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
COMMODITY UNKNOWN							
Total	327	100.0	388	100.0	22	100.0	317
Single modes	246	75.1	s	s	20	89.5	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	242 S S	74.0 S S	S S S	S S S	20 S S	89.3 S S	S 737 S
Rail	-	-	_	_	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	s -	s -	S S	S S	726 S
Multiple modes	42	12.7	1	.2	_	2.0	648
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	42 - - - -	12.7 - - - -	1 - - - -	.2 - - - -	- - - -	2.0 - - - -	648 - - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	441

Note: Data exclude shipments of SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum. See the section "Industry Coverage" for additional information.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck.
2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "About the Data" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 7. Shipment Characteristics by State of Destination for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

e of coppulation of come and meaning of abbreviations and combost, each me		lue		ons	Ton-miles		
State of destination	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
Total	102 750	100.0	115 922	100.0	22 275	100.0	
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	622 305 922 277 188 146	.6 .3 .9 .3 .2 .1	212 94 437 140 92 53	.2 - .4 .1 - -	187 110 401 137 88 54	.8 .5 1.8 .6 .4 .2	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey New York Pennsylvania.	1 482 2 998 2 535	1.4 2.9 2.5	718 939 1 527	.6 .8 1.3	491 769 981	2.2 3.5 4.4	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	1 928 1 317 2 472 3 680 951	1.9 1.3 2.4 3.6 .9	752 540 711 1 595 351	.6 .5 .6 1.4 .3	652 386 628 1 015 367	2.9 1.7 2.8 4.6 1.6	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	420 398 580 891 144 79 38	.4 .4 .6 .9 .1 -	162 152 143 619 68 18	.1 .1 .5 - - S	174 172 184 652 91 32 S	.8 .8 2.9 .4 .1 S	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	225 31 4 980 10 653 899 10 890 31 689 3 304	.2 4.8 10.4 .9 10.6 30.8 3.2 .3	128 2 2 524 8 206 468 11 162 75 108 2 148 226	.1 2.2 7.1 .4 9.6 64.8 1.9	77 1 1 253 1 524 244 1 611 2 900 734	.3 -5.6 6.8 1.1 7.2 13.0 3.3 .5	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama . Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee .	1 986 1 480 577 2 376	1.9 1.4 .6 2.3	1 353 656 250 1 562	1.2 .6 .2 1.3	577 380 148 666	2.6 1.7 .7 3.0	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	478 404 433 4 122	.5 .4 .4 4.0	181 284 159 1 210	.2 .2 .1 1.0	149 244 186 1 491	.7 1.1 .8 6.7	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona . Colorado	720 323 49 39 95 \$ 227	.7 .3 - - S .2 -	58 64 4 9 11 S 31	- - - - - - - S	120 114 10 21 27 S 64 S	.5 .5 .1 .1 .1 .3 .3	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska California Hawaii Oregon Washington	25 3 309 25 225 364	3.2 - .2 .4	2 578 1 42 132	.5 - - .1	4 1 460 5 121 415	6.6 - .5 1.9	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

Table 8. Inbound Shipment Characteristics by State of Origin for State of Destination: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

i or expandition of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see that	•	lue		ons	Ton-miles		
State of origin	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
Total	109 826	100.0	139 732	100.0	31 401	100.0	
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	454 190 900 102 196 37	.4 .2 .8 - .2 -	\$ 76 98 27 24 10	S - - - - -	\$ 97 91 27 22 10	\$.3 .3 - - -	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	2 193 2 173 2 571	2.0 2.0 2.3	807 496 881	.6 .4 .6	585 412 549	1.9 1.3 1.7	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	2 360 1 273 1 852 2 766 1 127	2.1 1.2 1.7 2.5 1.0	934 704 883 1 564 243	.7 .5 .6 1.1 .2	809 516 780 983 243	2.6 1.6 2.5 3.1 .8	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	326 400 719 894 247 12 45	.3 .4 .7 .8 .2 -	135 123 194 192 79 8 8	.1 .1 .1 	147 144 249 159 101 12	.5 .5 .5 .3 –	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	156 - 1 826 11 203 988 22 550 31 689 1 936 147	.1 1.7 10.2 9 20.5 28.9 1.8	103 - 1 636 11 799 210 17 238 75 108 3 800 150	- 1.2 8.4 2 12.3 53.8 2.7	61 - 790 2 288 114 2 280 2 900 1 472 68	.2 - 2.5 7.3 .4 7.3 9.2 4.7 .2	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	2 644 1 445 552 3 813	2.4 1.3 .5 3.5	1 734 S 371 2 591	1.2 S .3 1.9	801 S 253 1 202	2.6 S .8 3.8	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	481 1 272 199 3 748	.4 1.2 .2 3.4	261 1 568 219 2 123	.2 1.1 .2 1.5	221 1 289 289 2 516	.7 4.1 .9 8.0	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona . Colorado . Idaho . Montana . Nevada . New Mexico . Utah . Wyoming .	163 190 139 18 19 105 341 S	.1 .2 .1 - .1 .3 .3	\$ 50 7 8 8 70 8	88 88 - 8	\$ \$ 122 18 8 \$ \$ 159 \$	884 - 8858	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska. California Hawaii Oregon Washington	2 737 S 443 181	2.5 S .4 .2	264 S 62 36	- .2 S - -	738 S 183 106	2.4 S .6	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

Appendix A. Comparability With the 1993 Commodity Flow Survey

The Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) restores a data program on commodity flows that the Census Bureau conducted as a part of its 5-year economic census program from 1963 through 1977. The CFS was first conducted in

1993. For the 1997 CFS, the Census Bureau incorporated improvements identified from the evaluation of previous surveys and additional research. The following table shows a comparison of the 1993 and 1997 surveys.

Item	1993	1997
1. Industry coverage	Manufacturers (minor exceptions)	Manufacturers (minor exceptions)
	Mining (except mining services and oil and gas extraction)	Mining (except mining services)
	All wholesale	All wholesale
	Video tape distributers	
	Catalog mail-order houses	Catalog mail-order houses
	Auxiliaries (e.g., warehouses)	Auxiliaries (e.g., warehouses)
Commodity classification system	Standard Transportation Commodity Classification (STCC), developed by the American Association of Railroads (AAR).	Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG).
3. Sample size	Approximately 200,000 establishments were selected from a universe of about 800,000 in-scope establishments on the 1992 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL).	Approximately 100,000 establishments were selected from a universe of about 800,000 in-scope establishments on the 1995 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL).
4. Survey methodology	Respondents took a sample of their individual outbound shipments for a 2-week period during each of the four calendar quarters of 1993.	Respondents took a sample of their individual outbound shipments for a 1-week period during each of the four calendar quarters of 1997.
	Respondents reported key characteristics for each sampled shipment.	Respondents reported key characteristics for each sampled shipment.
5. Reported mode of transportation	Rail	Rail
·	For-hire truck	For-hire truck
	Private truck	Private truck
	Air	Air
	Inland water and/or Great Lakes	Shallow draft vessel
	Deep sea water	Deep draft vessel
	Pipeline	Pipeline
	Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier	Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier
	Other	Other
	Unknown	Unknown

Item	1993	1997
6. Data items requested on questionnaire	For each shipment:	For each shipment:
quodanama	Total value	Total value
	Total weight	Total weight
	Major commodity (STCC)	Major commodity (SCTG)
	All modes of transportation	All modes of transportation
	Multiple origins (respondents specifically requested to report all shipment origins for the sampled establishment and report the appropriate origin for each shipment; assumed to always be the mailing address if no other origins listed).	Single origin (assumed to be the mailing address unless the respondent provided a different physical location address).
	Destination	Destination
	Containerized (Y/N)	Containerized (Y/N)
	Hazardous material (Y/N)	Hazardous material (UN/NA codes)
	Export (Y/N)	Export (Y/N)
	If export, mode of export, foreign country,and city of destination.	If export, mode of export, foreign country, and city of destination.

Appendix B. Reliability of the Estimates

An estimate based on a sample survey potentially contains two types of errors—sampling and nonsampling. Sampling error occurs because characteristics differ among sampling units and because only a subset of the entire population is measured in a sample survey. Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate. The accuracy of a survey result may be affected by these two types of errors.

Sampling and nonsampling errors are often measured by the quantities, bias and variance. The bias of an estimator of an unknown population value is the difference, averaged over all possible samples of the same size and design, between the estimator and the unknown population value. Any systematic error, or inaccuracy that affects all samples of a specified design in a similar way, may bias the resulting estimates. Variance is the squared difference, averaged over all possible samples of the same size and design, between an estimator and its average value. Descriptions of sampling and nonsampling errors for the 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) are provided in the following sections.

SAMPLING ERROR

Because the estimates are based on a sample, exact agreement with the results that would be obtained from a complete enumeration of all the shipments made in 1997 from all establishments included on the CFS sampling frame is not expected. However, because probability sampling was used at each stage of selection, it is possible to estimate the sampling variability of the survey estimates. For CFS estimates, sampling variability arises from each of the three stages of sampling. (See Appendix C for a description of the sample design.)

The particular sample used in this survey is one of a large number of samples of the same size and design that could have been selected. If all possible samples had been surveyed, under the same conditions, an estimate of an unknown population value could have been obtained from each sample. The estimates obtained from these samples give rise to a distribution of estimates for the unknown population value. A statistical measure of the variability among these estimates is the standard error, which can be approximated from any one sample. The coefficient of variation (or relative standard error) of an estimate is the standard error of the estimate divided by the estimate. Measures of sampling variability, such as the standard error or coefficient of variation, are estimated from the

sample and are also subject to sampling variability. (Technically, we should refer to the estimated standard error or the estimated coefficient of variation of an estimator. However, we have omitted this detail for the sake of brevity.) It is important to note that the standard error and coefficient of variation only measure sampling variability. They do not measure any biases in the estimates. All coefficients of variation are expressed as percents. Standard errors for the corresponding percentage estimates are also provided.

An estimate of an unknown population value and its approximate standard error can be used to construct a confidence interval. A confidence interval is a range about a given estimator that has a specified probability, or confidence, of containing the unknown population value. If, for each possible sample, an estimate of an unknown population value and the estimate's approximate standard error were obtained, then:

- 1. For approximately 90 percent of the possible samples, the interval from 1.65 standard errors below to 1.65 standard errors above the estimate would include the unknown population value.
- 2. For approximately 95 percent of the possible samples, the interval from two standard errors below to two standard errors above the estimate would include the unknown population value.

NONSAMPLING ERROR

Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate and may also occur in censuses. It is often helpful to think of nonsampling error as arising from deficiencies or mistakes in the survey process. In the CFS, nonsampling error can be attributed to many sources: (1) nonresponse, (2) response errors, (3) differences in the interpretation of the questions, (4) mistakes in coding or keying the data obtained, and (5) other errors of collection, response, coverage, and processing. Although no direct measurement of the potential biases because of nonsampling error has been obtained, precautionary steps were taken in all phases of the collection, processing, and tabulation of the data in an effort to minimize its influence.

A potentially large source of bias in the estimates is due to nonresponse. Nonresponse is defined as the inability to obtain all the intended measurements or responses from all the selected establishments. Four levels of nonresponse can occur in the CFS: item, shipment, quarter (reporting week), and establishment. Item nonresponse

occurs either when a question is unanswered or the response to the question fails computer or analyst edits. Item nonresponse is corrected by imputation. (Imputation is the procedure by which a missing value is replaced by a predicted value obtained from an appropriate model.) Shipment, quarter, and establishment nonresponse are used to describe the inability to obtain sufficient information about a sampled shipment, quarter, or establishment, respectively, that prevents it from contributing to tabulations. Shipment and quarter nonresponse are corrected during the estimation procedure by reweighting. Reweighting allocates characteristics to the nonrespondents in proportion to the characteristics observed for the respondents. The amount of bias introduced by this nonresponse adjustment procedure depends on the extent to which the nonrespondents differ, characteristically, from the respondents. Establishment nonresponse is corrected during the estimation procedure by the SIC-level adjustment weight. (See Appendix C for a description of the estimation procedure.) In most cases of establishment nonresponse, none of the four questionnaires have been

returned to the Census Bureau, after several attempts to elicit a response. Approximately 67 percent of the sampled establishments provided at least one quarter of data that contributed to tabulations.

Some possible sources of bias that are attributed to respondent-conducted sampling include misunderstanding the definition of a shipment, constructing an incomplete frame of shipments from which to sample, ordering the shipment sampling frame by selected shipment characteristics, and selecting shipment records by a method other than the one specified in the questionnaire's instructions. We often contacted respondents who reported shipments having atypically large value or weight when compared to the rest of their reported shipments. Upon contact, if we are able to collect information on all of a given respondent's large shipments made either for a particular reporting week or for the entire quarter, then we identify these large shipments as certainty shipments. (See Appendix C for a description of how certainty shipments are used in the estimation process.)

Table B-1a. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Valu	ıe	To	ons	Ton-	Ton-miles	
Mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
All modes	5.2	-	7.0	-	4.6	-	10.7
Single modes	5.6	.7	7.1	.2	4.7	.6	12.5
Truck	5.9 6.0 12.8	1.1 2.2 2.4	7.7 7.6 10.4	1.2 2.1 2.9	4.3 5.7 8.3	2.2 2.3 1.6	12.3 4.7 18.8
Rail	13.5	.6	9.3	1.2	13.0	2.5	6.8
Water Shallow draft	S	S	S	S S	SS	SS	28.3 31.3
Great Lakes Deep draft	S	Š	S	s	S	Š	28.2
Air (includes truck and air)	19.9 S	.3 S	S S	S S	33.6 S	s	6.8 S
Multiple modes	10.4	.7	11.7	-	12.5	.2	8.7
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	10.0 27.6 S	.7 - S	9.0 24.0 S	- - S	14.6 17.9 47.0	.2	8.7 17.6 28.5
Rail and water Other multiple modes	S	s	S	S	S	S	33.4
Other and unknown modes	15.5	.3	22.7	.2	41.9	.6	43.5

Note: For description of development and uses of measures of reliability, see Appendix B, Reliability of the Estimates.

Table B-1b. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997 and 1993

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Value			Tons			Ton-miles		Average	miles per	shipment
Mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number Standard error of		error of		of variation of imber	Standard error of		Coefficient of variation of number		Coefficient of variation		Standard error of
	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change
All modes	5.2	4.3	8.3	7.0	6.2	9.3	4.6	4.5	7.2	10.7	6.8	11.6
Single modes	5.6	4.3	8.6	7.1	6.2	9.4	4.7	4.1	7.0	12.5	7.4	14.0
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	5.9 6.0 12.8	4.5 5.1 4.9	9.0 9.8 15.8	7.7 7.6 10.4	6.8 10.3 7.9	10.3 17.0 11.1	4.3 5.7 8.3	3.7 3.5 9.0	6.4 8.7 10.1	12.3 4.7 18.8	7.1 7.9 4.5	14.2 9.2 25.1
Rail	13.5	22.8	29.6	9.3	14.4	19.3	13.0	14.6	23.0	6.8	4.7	8.3
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S S - S	\$ \$ - \$	S S - S	S S S	\$\$ \$	S S - S	S S - S	\$ 5 5	S S - S	28.3 31.3 - 28.2	S 31.6 - S	S 8.2 - S
Air (includes truck and air)	19.9 S	15.1 S	62.0 S	S	12.1 S	S S	33.6 S	15.7 S	89.5 S	6.8 S	7.7 S	10.1 S
Multiple modes	10.4	8.3	16.9	11.7	17.6	20.8	12.5	26.7	31.4	8.7	5.4	9.5
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	10.0 27.6 S - S	7.2 S S - -	15.6 S S - S	9.0 24.0 S - S	4.5 S 47.2 - -	10.2 S S - S	14.6 17.9 47.0 – S	5.6 48.4 31.8 –	17.5 64.8 10.8 – S	8.7 17.6 28.5 — 33.4	5.4 17.3 31.0 –	9.5 19.0 37.9 – S
Other and unknown modes	15.5	7.3	28.5	22.7	26.2	16.3	41.9	30.4	33.1	43.5	35.4	35.9

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-1c. Standard Error of Percentage for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: Percent of Total for 1997 and 1993

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Mode of transportation	Value (p	percent)	Tons (p	percent)	Ton-miles (percent)		
wode of transportation	1997	1993	1997	1993	1997	1993	
All modes	-	_	-	_	-	-	
Single modes	.7	.4	.2	.5	.6	.7	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	1.1 2.2 2.4	1.1 1.4 .9	1.2 2.1 2.9	1.3 2.3 1.7	2.2 2.3 1.6	3.1 2.6 1.4	
Rail	.6	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.5	3.0	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$	\$ \$ \$	S S - S	
Air (includes truck and air)	.3 S	- S	S S	- S	- S	Š	
Multiple modes	.7	.4	_	-	.2	.3	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	.7 - S - S	.3 S S -	- - S - S	S	- .2 - - S	.3	
Other and unknown modes	.3	.1	.2	.5	.6	.7	

Note: For description of development and uses of measures of reliability, see Appendix B, Reliability of the Estimates.

Table B-2. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Total Modal Activity for the State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Ton-r	niles			
Mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation		
Total	4.6	-	10.6		
Truck Rail Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	4.3 12.6 S - S	2.2 2.5 S	12.0 7.0 S - 36.5		
Air Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Pipeline Other and unknown modes	34.0 14.6 S 41.9	- S .6	7.0 8.7 S 43.5		

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997

To explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols	Val	ue	То	ns	Ton-r	niles
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage
All modes	5.2	-	7.0	-	4.6	-
Less than 50 miles	6.8 5.5 8.8 10.2 4.7	.8 .7 1.3 1.1 .8	10.9 8.2 5.9 7.8 5.7	2.7 .6 1.2 .8 .5	14.0 6.2 7.0 8.5 5.1	.9 .3 .8 1.0 1.1
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	9.3 20.3 15.4 13.4	.5 .5 .2 .3	9.7 6.2 13.6 7.6	.3 - - -	11.4 6.3 14.5 8.1	1.0 .4 .3 .6
Single modes	5.6	-	7.1	-	4.7	-
Less than 50 miles	6.9 6.1 9.5 10.9 4.9	.9 .8 1.5 1.1 .9	11.0 8.3 5.8 8.0 3.7	2.7 .7 1.2 .8 .4	14.1 6.3 7.0 8.7 3.5	.9 .3 .8 1.0 .9
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	9.7 22.6 21.4 14.9	.5 .6 .2 .4	9.8 6.4 14.0 7.6	.3 - - -	11.6 6.5 14.5 8.2	1.0 .4 .2 .6
Truck	5.9	-	7.7	-	4.3	-
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	7.0 6.5 10.2 12.4 5.5	1.0 .9 1.6 1.2 1.0	11.0 9.6 6.2 7.4 5.3	2.6 .8 1.1 .6 .5	14.3 8.1 6.2 7.6 5.4	1.2 .5 .7 .9 1.2
750 to 999 miles	10.1 25.3 23.2 16.2	.5 .6 .3 .3	8.1 12.1 14.0 7.8	.2 - - -	8.1 11.9 14.5 7.9	.7 .6 .3 .5
For-hire truck	6.0	-	7.6	_	5.7	-
Less than 50 miles	7.4 9.3 13.5 6.6 6.6	.5 .8 2.3 .3 1.3	13.8 11.0 8.6 7.2 6.2	3.0 .9 1.2 .8 .9	11.9 10.8 8.3 7.5 6.3	.4 .4 .7 .6 1.0
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	11.5 27.5 23.0 17.4	1.1 .9 .3	10.2 12.7 14.9 8.3	.4 .2 _ .1	10.3 12.8 15.3 8.4	.9 .8 .4 .6
Private truck	12.8	-	10.4	-	8.3	-
Less than 50 miles	8.8 6.9 21.9 42.9 12.5	3.1 1.5 1.8 2.8 .7	11.8 13.2 9.0 17.6 25.9	1.9 1.0 1.1 .5 .3	17.0 11.2 10.1 18.8 25.2	2.8 1.4 1.7 2.4 2.9
750 to 999 miles	23.8 44.0 34.3 24.8	.3 .2 .1 .1	24.7 S 29.5 28.2	- S - -	24.6 S 30.2 27.8	.9 S .2 .5
Rail	13.5	-	9.3	-	13.0	-
Less than 50 miles	22.3 36.5 40.5 16.9 9.6	1.5 2.0 7.3 3.8 3.3	33.6 20.4 18.1 15.0 10.3	2.5 2.1 4.3 3.1 1.6	17.9 20.0 18.2 16.8 10.4	.8 2.6 2.4 1.6
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	18.2 35.4 S 22.9	1.8 1.3 S .9	28.5 32.5 S 25.6	2.0 .8 S .4	30.4 31.8 S 26.4	3.0 2.2 S 2.1
Water	S	s	s	S	s	S
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	49.5 S S - S	2.2 \$ \$ - \$	49.5 S S - S	11.2 S S - S	45.1 S S - S	12.7 S S - S
750 to 999 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Shallow draft	s	s	s	s	s	s
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	S - - - S	S - - - S	S - - - S	S - - - S	S - - - S	S - - - S
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - -

Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbol	T .		_		_	
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Ton-i Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage
Single modes—Con.						
Great Lakes	_	_	_	_	_	_
Less than 50 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 to 99 miles	_	=	=	=	=	=
100 to 249 miles	_	-	=	_ _	<u>-</u>	_
500 to 749 miles	-	-	_	_	-	_
750 to 999 miles	-	_	_	_	_	_
1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles	-	-	_ _	_ _	_ _	-
2,000 miles or more	-	-	_	_	-	-
Deep draft	s	s	S	S	S	s
Less than 50 miles	s	S	S	S	S	S
50 to 99 miles	S S	S S	S	S	S	S S S
250 to 499 miles	-	-	_	_	-	-
500 to 749 miles	-	-	_	_	=	=
750 to 999 miles	_	_	_ _	_ _	_ _	_
1,500 to 1,999 miles	_	=	-	-	=	_
2,000 miles or more	-	_	=	=	_	_
Air (includes truck and air)	19.9	-	S	S	33.6	-
Less than 50 miles	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	- S	_ S
50 to 99 miles	31.5	4.5	42.2	3.7	33.8	1.5 S
250 to 499 miles	38.4 22.5	5.1 4.3	S 33.7	S 5.0	S 33.9	S 4.4
750 to 999 miles	39.7	3.7	S	S	S	s
1,000 to 1,499 miles	27.7	1.5	41.0	.5	41.9	.8
1,500 to 1,999 miles	35.3 38.6	1.4 6.4	29.9 31.2	.9 4.5	30.0 29.7	1.5 7.0
Pipeline	s	s	s	s	s	s
•						
Less than 50 miles	S -	S -	S -	S -	\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
100 to 249 miles	-	_ _	_	_ _	S	S
500 to 749 miles	_	=	_	=	S	S
750 to 999 miles	-	_	-	_	S S	S
1,000 to 1,499 miles	_	_		_ _	S	\$ \$ \$ \$
2,000 miles or more	_	=	=	=	Š	Š
Multiple modes	10.4	_	11.7	_	12.5	_
Less than 50 miles	10.0	1.2	28.9	2.4	15.3	_
50 to 99 miles	12.0 13.2	1.3 1.9	17.0 16.7	1.2 2.0	17.0 20.7	.2 .8
250 to 499 miles	20.0	1.8	24.9	3.8	28.4	4.2
500 to 749 miles	14.2	2.0	20.1	3.0	21.2	3.0
750 to 999 miles	16.2 25.7	1.2 .6	18.2 33.9	.8 1.2	20.5 34.4	1.0
1,500 to 1,999 miles	47.0	1.0	S	S	S	2.2 S
2,000 miles or more	15.5	.9	21.0	2.2	21.7	6.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	10.0	-	9.0	-	14.6	-
Less than 50 miles	11.4	1.3	17.4	2.5	13.6	.2
50 to 99 miles	12.0 13.3	1.4 2.1	17.0 13.4	1.5 1.7	16.9 13.4	.5 1.2
250 to 499 miles	21.0	1.8	12.8	1.5	13.3	1.3
500 to 749 miles	12.0	1.7	12.4	1.7	12.6	1.5
750 to 999 miles	15.6 27.8	1.2 .7	16.9 31.2	.9 .8	16.7 33.0	.8 1.6
1,500 to 1,999 miles	33.9	.4	31.2	.4	30.9	1.2
2,000 miles or more	15.6	.8	20.8	.8	22.8	2.5
Truck and rail	27.6	-	24.0	-	17.9	-
Less than 50 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S
50 to 99 miles	S	S	S	S	_ S	- S
250 to 499 miles	S	S	40.8 S	10.8 S	41.6 S	9.5 S
750 to 999 miles	S S	S S	S	S	SS	S S S
1,500 to 1,999 miles	S	S	S	S S 10.8	S	S 12.3
2,000 miles or more	24.5	11.6	31.0		31.1	12.3
Truck and water	S	S	S	S	47.0	-
Less than 50 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S
50 to 99 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S
250 to 499 miles	S S	S S	S	S S	S	- S S S
	s				S	S
750 to 999 miles	5 -	S -	S -	S -	_	5 -
1,500 to 1,999 miles	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S
,	0 1	· ·	0.	o o	0 1	o .

Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Mode of transportation and distance shipped	Val	ue	То	ns	Ton-	miles
(based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage
Multiple modes - Con.						
Rail and water	-	-	_	-	-	-
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
750 to 999 miles	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	888 -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	888 - -	888 - -	\$ \$ \$ -	\$ \$ - -
750 to 999 miles	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
Other and unknown modes	15.5	-	22.7	-	41.9	-
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	30.6 40.5 28.7 34.4 33.0	6.6 2.4 3.8 2.3 4.2	27.2 23.8 27.8 28.2 S	8.4 2.8 3.2 1.1 S	25.0 24.7 28.6 30.8 S	1.5 1.9 3.3 2.4 S
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	42.8 S S 40.8	1.4 S S .5	20.8 29.8 S S	.5 .3 S S	20.6 29.2 S 48.9	3.5 1.8 S 4.1

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc	Vali	ue	To	ons	Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
All modes	5.2	-	7.0	-	4.6	-	10.7
Less than 50 lb	9.0 9.5 8.3 9.5 7.2	.5 .2 .5 .2	9.7 10.9 7.0 6.4 8.1	- - - - -	11.0 13.4 6.9 8.4 6.8	- - - -	11.8 10.2 9.8 11.6 7.8
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	11.4 8.5 13.2 14.4	2.0 2.6 .5 .8	6.9 7.9 11.8 12.3	.7 1.6 1.7 1.7	9.5 5.3 12.6 11.8	1.1 1.7 .8 2.4	3.7 6.2 9.8 5.5
Single modes Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	5.6 12.8 10.9 9.3 9.9 7.3	.2 .1 .5 .3	7.1 11.5 14.1 7.6 6.7 8.2	- - - - -	4.7 18.0 19.8 7.4 8.9 7.0	- - - - -	25.0 20.3 11.8 12.2 8.7
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	11.9 8.5 13.3 14.4	2.2 2.7 .5 .8	7.2 8.0 11.8 13.1	.7 1.5 1.8 1.8	9.8 5.3 12.6 12.5	1.1 1.7 .9 2.6	3.7 6.1 9.9 5.4
Truck	5.9	-	7.7	-	4.3	-	12.3
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	13.4 9.0 6.7 9.1 7.3	.2 - .4 .2 .2	11.7 14.2 7.8 6.7 8.1	- - - -	19.3 19.4 7.3 8.8 6.7	- - - -	26.8 19.5 11.2 12.2 8.7
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	12.2 8.5 15.7 36.2	2.4 2.8 .6 .7	7.2 8.0 11.9 28.5	.8 1.9 1.8 1.9	9.9 5.3 13.2 17.0	1.3 1.6 1.0 .7	3.7 6.1 9.7 35.0
For-hire truck	6.0	-	7.6	-	5.7	-	4.7
Less than 50 lb	15.3 16.9 9.7 13.0 7.5	- .1 .5 .3 .2	14.4 24.4 7.4 6.2 13.2	- - - - -	21.7 28.2 10.4 12.1 10.8	- - .2 .1	9.1 6.4 6.2 7.4 6.9
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	15.0 6.9 14.4 40.0	2.7 3.6 .4 1.1	8.5 9.3 12.4 18.1	.6 2.2 1.9 1.3	10.9 6.4 17.6 16.4	1.2 1.7 .9 .6	4.4 6.9 7.9 26.2
Private truck	12.8	-	10.4	-	8.3	-	18.8
Less than 50 lb	17.4 12.0 7.8 9.4 10.2	.7 .3 .9 .4 .3	12.7 17.1 10.4 8.7 11.8	- - .1 - -	22.2 17.7 8.9 11.7 15.5	- - .1 .1 .1	39.0 7.8 7.3 10.8 12.8
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	8.9 26.4 23.3 17.8	2.9 4.4 1.2 .1	8.5 10.7 16.1 40.3	1.4 2.8 2.4 3.0	14.6 10.4 21.2 41.7	2.0 3.4 2.2 2.3	8.9 12.2 16.4 23.1
Rail	13.5	-	9.3	-	13.0	-	6.8
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	\$ \$ \$ \$	S S S	S S S -	S S - -	S S S	\$ \$ \$ -	31.4 31.6 31.6 -
1,000 to 9,999 lb	\$ 30.2 49.1 14.4	S .5 2.9 3.0	S 22.4 22.1 10.0	S .2 .9 1.0	S 36.1 21.1 13.8	S .7 .8 1.3	31.6 18.7 18.1 9.0
Water	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.3
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	S S S S S S	5555	S S S S S	88888	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	31.6 31.6 29.8 S 33.2
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	47.6 S - -	7.4 S - -	47.6 S - -	8.4 S - -	S S - -	S S - -	34.1 31.0 - -
Shallow draft	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.3
Less than 50 lb	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$	31.6 31.6 30.0 31.6
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S S	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	26.1 31.6 —

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-miles		Average miles	
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
Single modes—Con.								
Great Lakes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Less than 50 lb	_		_	_ _	- -	_	_	
100 to 499 lb	_		_ _	_ _	_ _	_	_	
750 to 999 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
1,000 to 9,999 lb		_ _	_ _	-	-	_	_	
50,000 to 99,999 lb		_	_ _	-	_ _	_	_	
Deep draft	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.2	
Less than 50 lb	_ S	- S	- S	_ S	_ S	_ S	31.6	
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb	S	S	\$ \$ \$ \$	S S S S	S S S S	S S S	31.6 31.6	
750 to 999 lb	S	S					33.2	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	32.9 S	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	_	_		-			
Air (includes truck and air)	19.9	-	s	s	33.6	_	6.8	
Less than 50 lb	25.2 34.5	4.3 1.7	20.9 19.8	2.0 1.6	21.6 25.2	2.4 1.3	7.0 16.6	
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb	34.5 S	6.1 S	23.3 23.9	8.0 2.2	26.5 27.7	7.1 1.6	8.6 12.7	
750 to 999 lb	39.7	2.2	35.0	2.7	49.3	3.1	20.9	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	43.6 S	4.3 S	30.6 S	8.1 S	28.3 S	5.0 S	16.5 25.1	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	38.3	
Pipeline	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 lb	_	_	_	-	S	S	S	
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb	_	-	=	-	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	
750 to 999 lb	-	-	-	-	Š			
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	S S S S	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	S S	
Multiple modes	10.4	_	11.7	_	12.5	_	8.7	
Less than 50 lb	11.2 13.6	1.9 2.0	11.0 10.7	2.8 1.6	12.0 15.4	2.3 1.6	9.1 7.4	
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb	14.1 27.9	1.6 .4	9.0 27.2	2.1 .8	19.6 32.0	2.1	7.9 15.6	
750 to 999 lb	33.1	-	40.5	.7	34.5	.2	41.3	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S 25.3	S 1.0	42.5 26.3	6.1	S 17.7	S 5.5	41.8 19.0	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	- s	S	S	S	S	S	30.2	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	10.0	-	9.0	-	14.6	_	8.7	
Less than 50 lb	11.2 13.6	2.1 2.0	11.0 10.7	2.2 .9	12.0 15.4	1.7 1.3	9.1 7.4	
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb	14.1 28.0	1.6	9.0 27.3	1.9 1.0	19.6 33.1	2.1 1.5	8.0 16.4	
750 to 999 lb	33.1	.1	40.5	.9	34.5	.4	41.3	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6	
50,000 to 99,999 lb		_	_ _	_	_ _	_	_	
Truck and rail	27.6	-	24.0	_	17.9	_	17.6	
Less than 50 lb	_	-	=	-	-	_	_	
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb	s s	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	31.6 36.4	
750 to 999 lb	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S 28.5	S 2.5	S 22.7	S 1.6	S 17.5	S 1.5	29.8 18.3	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_ S	_ S	- S	_ S	_ S	- S	30.2	
Truck and water	s	s	s	s	47.0	_	28.5	
Less than 50 lb	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6	
50 to 99 lb		-	- -	-	-	_ _ _		
500 to 749 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S S	S	S S	S S	S S	S S	30.6 31.2	
10,000 to 49,999 lb. 100,000 lb or more.	-	5 -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- 31.2	
100,000 ID 01 III016	. –	. – 1	_	. –	-	. –	. –	

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Val	ue	To	ns	Ton-	miles		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
Multiple modes—Con.								
Rail and water	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	
Less than 50 lb		_ _	-	_ _	-		_ _	
100 to 499 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	
500 to 749 lb	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	
750 to 999 lb	-	-	=	-	-	-	_	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	
10,000 to 49,999 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
100,000 lb or more	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	33.4	
Less than 50 lb	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	- S	30.1	
100 to 499 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
500 to 749 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
750 to 999 lb	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_ S	- S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ 31.6	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
100,000 lb or more	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	15.5	-	22.7	-	41.9	-	43.5	
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb	14.5 21.3	2.5 .6	16.6 39.6	.7 .4	39.6 S	.1 S	S 16.5	
100 to 499 lb	7.3	2.1	41.2	1.8	23.9	1.1	S	
500 to 749 lb	25.1 47.1	.7 1.8	27.8 38.3	.2	36.6 28.6	.7 .4	29.0 S	
750 to 999 lb	47.1	1.8	38.3	./	∠8.6	.4	5	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	19.7	3.5 6.3	16.0 23.5	4.9 7.0	23.8	6.7	15.1	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	24.8 47.3	6.3	23.5 43.8	7.0 3.1	36.1 S	9.4 S	15.7 26.1	
100,000 lb or more	47.3 S	.3 S	43.6 S	S.1	5 8	S	20.1 S	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-5. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Value		Tons		Ton-		
SCTG code	Commodity description	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
	All commodities	5.2	-	7.0	-	4.6	-	10.7
01 02 03 04 05	Live animals and live fish Cereal grains Other agricultural products Animal feed and products of animal origin, n.e.c. Meat, fish, seafood, and their preparations	\$ 28.6 28.9 20.9 14.8	S - .2 - .3	\$ 28.8 30.7 34.2 16.0	S .1 .3 .3	\$ 37.5 30.3 26.4 20.4	S - .2 - .6	33.2 28.1 43.9 45.9 30.8
06 07 08 09 10	Milled grain products and preparations, and bakery products Other prepared foodstuffs and fats and oils Alcoholic beverages Tobacco products Monumental or building stone	29.5 13.7 7.4 27.0 S	.4 .3 - - S	30.7 10.0 8.1 24.5 S	.2 .3 - - S	40.1 9.7 11.9 33.1 S	.5 .1 - - S	23.9 19.8 6.0 15.5 27.4
11 12 13 14 15	Natural sands Gravel and crushed stone Nonmetallic minerals n.e.c. Metallic ores and concentrates Coal	18.1 31.9 S 45.3	- S -	39.4 31.6 45.9 33.1	1.7 5.1 .4 –	36.2 43.8 29.3 33.1	.8 1.2 .6 -	\$ 13.9 30.4 19.9
17 18 19 20 21	Gasoline and aviation turbine fuel. Fuel oils . Coal and petroleum products, n.e.c. Basic chemicals Pharmaceutical products	27.4 16.2 25.4 14.2 23.4	.5 - .2 .7 .5	29.4 16.9 10.7 16.8 30.6	1.5 .3 .1 .8	27.0 27.9 16.5 19.0 37.7	.3 .1 .2 1.0 .1	12.7 28.3 33.0 14.5 S
22 23 24 25 26	Fertilizers. Chemical products and preparations, n.e.c. Plastics and rubber Logs and other wood in the rough Wood products.	48.5 21.7 10.4 26.7 15.6	.2 .6 .7 4	45.4 31.2 8.1 33.2 17.8	.5 .4 .2 2.2 1.2	47.9 33.6 12.4 27.9 15.2	1.0 .8 .4 1.0	\$ 17.3 21.2 10.9 9.2
27 28 29 30 31	Pulp, newsprint, paper, and paperboard Paper or paperboard articles Printed products Textiles, leather, and articles of textiles or leather Nonmetallic mineral products	15.3 16.7 13.9 14.2 7.3	.7 .3 .2 2.6 .2	13.0 26.5 28.2 7.7 24.5	.9 .3 .5 2.5	13.3 21.9 S 10.0 10.8	2.1 .4 S 1.4 .7	29.4 24.2 21.6 4.5 29.7
32 33 34 35	Base metal in primary or semifinished forms and in finished basic shapes. Articles of base metal Machinery Electronic and other electrical equipment and components and office	15.3 12.7 15.1	.6 .3 1.2	20.5 19.8 11.6	.9 .2 –	26.5 27.2 11.8 14.5	2.0 .6 .3	11.2 14.3 14.2
36	equipment	19.2	.9	15.6	.1	17.6	.3	14.2 S
37 38 39	Transportation equipment, n.e.c. Precision instruments and apparatus	20.4 21.3	.2 .2	27.4 S	- S	27.9 S	- S	6.6 35.8
40 41 43 	Furniture, mattresses and mattress supports, lamps, lighting fittings, and illuminated signs Miscellaneous manufactured products Waste and scrap Mixed freight Commodity unknown.	10.5 11.7 29.4 S 39.8	.1 .4 .1 S .1	14.2 44.3 29.1 47.6 49.7	- .2 .4 .6 .3	14.7 28.0 39.1 S 35.4	- .3 .7 S -	12.7 12.8 16.6 28.3 29.8

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-			_		_			
	Val	ue	10	ns	I on-	miles	Average miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation	
ALL COMMODITIES								
Total	5.2	_	7.0	_	4.6	_	10.7	
Single modes	5.6	.7	7.1	.2	4.7	.6	12.5	
Truck	5.9	1.1	7.7	1.2	4.3	2.2 2.3	12.3 4.7	
For-hire truck Private truck	6.0 12.8	2.2 2.4	7.6 10.4	2.1 2.9	5.7 8.3	1.6	18.8	
Rail	13.5	.6	9.3	1.2	13.0	2.5	6.8	
Water Shallow draft	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	28.3 31.3	
Great Lakes	s	S	S	s	S	S	28.2	
Air (includes truck and air)	19.9 S	.3 S	S S	SS	33.6 S	_ S	6.8 S	
Multiple modes	10.4	.7	11.7	_	12.5	.2	8.7	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	10.0 27.6	.7	9.0 24.0	-	14.6 17.9		8.7 17.6	
Truck and water Rail and water	S -	S -	S -	S -	47.0	_	28.5	
Other multiple modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	33.4	
Other and unknown modes	15.5	.3	22.7	.2	41.9	.6	43.5	
SCTG 01, LIVE ANIMALS AND LIVE FISH								
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	33.2	
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	33.2	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	\$ \$ \$	S S S	S S S	33.2 31.6 29.9	
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Water Shallow draft	_	_		_	_ _	_	_	
Great Lakes Deep draft	_	=	_ _			_	_	
Air (includes truck and air)		=			- s	s	s	
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier			_ _		_ _			
Truck and water Rail and water	=	_		-	_ _	_		
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Total	28.6		28.8		37.5		28.1	
Single modes	29.6	5.5	29.0	.9	37.9	4.8	20.1	
Truck	32.3	7.0	31.4	5.3	48.1	11.6	20.3	
For-hire truck Private truck	35.5 S	11.2 S	34.7 S	10.6 S	49.8 S	12.8 S	23.7 S	
Rail	s	S	S	S	s	S	30.0	
Water Shallow draft			_ _	-	_ _			
Great Lakes Deep draft		=	_ _			_	_	
Air (includes truck and air)		=	_ _		- S	s	s	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6	
Truck and water	_	_	_ _	-		_		
Other multiple modes		_	-	-	_	_	-	
Other and unknown modes	l s	S	S	S	l s	S	31.6	

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

ror explanation or terms and meaning or abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	Тс	ons	Ton-	miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 03, OTHER AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS							
Total	28.9	_	30.7	_	30.3	_	43.9
Single modes	26.6	1.7	30.0	1.3	30.3	.2	37.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	29.5 27.0 42.1	6.7 11.5 9.1	31.3 24.5 40.5	9.8 15.4 9.9	21.0 20.1 31.1	15.4 14.5 8.7	38.8 16.4 S
Rail	48.5	6.7	45.9	9.4	41.9	15.4	27.8
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S	27.9 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	25.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	s	s	s	s	25.9
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water		_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_	
Other multiple modes	=	_	=	_	=	=	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
SCTG 04, ANIMAL FEED AND PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, N.E.C.							
Total	20.9	_	34.2	-	26.4	-	45.9
Single modes	21.0	.2	34.2	-	26.4	.1	36.0
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	19.6 31.1 28.9	1.7 12.2 12.8	32.7 38.8 41.9	1.6 11.3 11.6	21.7 29.9 29.6	3.9 12.6 13.5	36.1 S 30.4
Rail	s	S	s	S	s	s	31.6
Water Shallow draft						_	
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _	_	_ _	_		_	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)	s -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	31.6 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	29.8
Truck and water Rail and water	_ _	_	_ _	_	_ _	_	
Other multiple modes	- s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
SCTG 05, MEAT, FISH, SEAFOOD, AND THEIR PREPARATIONS							01.0
Total	14.8	_	16.0	_	20.4	_	30.8
Single modes	16.5	3.9	17.0	2.6	21.1	2.6	31.3
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	16.5 27.4 21.6	3.9 9.0 9.1	17.0 28.5 19.5	2.6 8.6 9.1	21.1 31.9 18.8	2.6 12.7 13.2	31.3 18.6 21.5
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	_	_	_		
Pipeline	_	_	=	_	S	S	S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Other multiple modes	- s	- S	- s	- S	-	s	-
Other and unknown modes	ı S	ı S	ı S	ı S	S	ı S	S

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-			_		_		
	Vali	ue T	10	ns	Ton-miles		Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 06, MILLED GRAIN PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, AND BAKERY PRODUCTS							
Total	29.5	-	30.7	-	40.1	-	23.9
Single modes	29.5	-	30.7	-	40.1	-	23.9
Truck	29.5 36.8 33.2	- 11.8 11.8	30.7 36.3 31.6	- 11.3 11.3	40.1 43.0 33.3	12.9 12.9	23.1 21.3 28.1
Rail	_	_	-	_	-	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -		- - - -	- - - -	_ _ _ _	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	SS	SS	30.3 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.7
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	S -	S -	S	S	30.7
Truck and water Rail and water	=		_		_ _ _	_	
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
SCTG 07, OTHER PREPARED FOODSTUFFS AND FATS AND OILS							
Total	13.7	-	10.0	-	9.7	_	19.8
Single modes	13.8	.8	10.3	1.1	9.8	.5	29.7
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	14.2 17.1 17.6	1.7 3.6 5.8	11.1 25.1 14.3	2.5 3.1 5.8	9.5 17.0 15.3	2.1 4.2 7.8	29.8 22.0 17.3
Rail	s	s	S	s	S	S	s
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	-	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S	30.7 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.3
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	S	s	S	s	28.3
Truck and rail Truck and water	_	_	-	_ _ _	_	=	_
Rail and water Other multiple modes	=	_	=	_	=	=	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	44.7
SCTG 08, ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES							
Total	7.4	_	8.1	_	11.9	-	6.0
Single modes	7.5	.3	8.0	.4	11.8	.5	6.1
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	7.5 41.6 11.4	.3 7.3 7.2	8.0 37.4 10.4	3.2 3.1	11.8 41.8 17.6	.5 9.4 9.2	6.1 24.6 7.6
Rail	_	_	-	_	_	-	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -		- - - -	- - - -	_ _ _ _	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)			- -	_ _	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_		-	_	<u>-</u>	_	_
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	=	_ _ _	-	_ _ _	_ _ _	_	_ _ _
Other multiple modes	=	_	=	_	=	=	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	S	s	s	s	28.5

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	To	ns	Ton-	-miles	Averene miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
SCTG 09, TOBACCO PRODUCTS								
Total	27.0	_	24.5	_	33.1	_	15.5	
Single modes	27.0	_	24.5	-	33.1	_	15.5	
Truck	27.0	_	24.5	-	33.1	=	15.5	
For-hire truck Private truck	27.0	S 1.4	S 25.0	S 1.9	S 34.2	S 3.2	31.6 15.9	
Rail	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	
Water	_		-	_ _	_ _	_		
Great Lakes Deep draft		_		_		_		
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _		_ _		- S	- S	- S	
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_		_	-		_		
Truck and water Rail and water	_		_	_ _ _	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_	
Other multiple modes .	=		_		_	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6	
SCTG 10, MONUMENTAL OR BUILDING STONE								
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	27.4	
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	27.5	
Truck	S - S	S - S	S - S	S - S	S - S	S - S	27.5 - 27.5	
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Pipeline	_	_	_	_	S	S	S	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Truck and rail Truck and water	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	
Rail and water Other multiple modes	=	=	_	_	_	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	29.9	
SCTG 11, NATURAL SANDS							25.5	
Total	18.1	_	39.4	_	36.2	_	s	
Single modes	19.9	5.5	39.5	4.8	36.2	.8	s	
Truck	20.4 27.9	8.5 9.7	46.1 33.1	8.9 7.3	43.0 S	11.1 S	S	
Private truck	40.9	13.8	S	S	Š	S	S	
Rail	38.0	7.9	37.3	8.2	40.2	11.4	24.1	
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft			_			_		
Great Lakes Deep draft	=		_ _					
Air (includes truck and air)			_ _		_ S	_ S	_ S	
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	
Truck and rail Truck and water Pail and water	=		=	_ 		_ =	_	
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_		_	_	_	_ =	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6	

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

3	. ,						
	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment — coefficient of variation
SCTG 12, GRAVEL AND CRUSHED STONE							
Total	31.9	_	31.6	_	43.8	_	13.9
Single modes	32.0	.1	31.6	_	43.8	_	13.9
Truck	31.2	.5	30.5	.7	40.0	2.4	13.7
For-hire truck Private truck	42.8 28.5	5.7 5.8	34.4 30.5	5.2 5.2	36.3 45.6	7.1 6.8	20.9 14.9
Rail	s	S	S	S	s	S	31.6
Water Shallow draft	_		_	_	_	-	_
Great Lakes	=	=	_	_	_	=	=
Deep draft	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Air (includes truck and air)	=				s	s	s
Multiple modes	-	-	_	-	_	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	_	_	_	_	_	-
Truck and railTruck and water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Rail and water	-	_	_		_	-	-
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	S	s	s	s	s	32.6
SCTG 13, NONMETALLIC MINERALS N.E.C.							
Total	s	s	45.9	_	29.3	-	30.4
Single modes	s	s	46.5	1.3	29.7	1.1	35.2
Truck	s	S	S	s	39.2	11.7	40.4
For-hire truck	S 48.8	S 7.1	36.3 S	9.6 S	37.6 S	10.8 S	7.2 S
Rail	38.6	7.5	42.1	9.1	47.0	12.0	22.4
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_	_ _ _	_ _		_ _	_	_
·	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Air (includes truck and air)	=	_	_		S	S	s
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	S S	S S	S S	S	31.6
Truck and rail	S -	5 -	5 -	5 -	5 -	S -	29.6
Rail and water Other multiple modes					_ _		
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 14, METALLIC ORES AND CONCENTRATES							
Total	45.3	-	33.1	_	33.1	_	19.9
Single modes	45.3	-	33.1	-	33.1	-	19.9
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	44.7 46.5 S	15.2 15.4 S	S S S	S S S	22.6 19.9 31.6
Rail	s	S	41.1	16.7	41.7	16.6	25.9
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft		_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _		_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S S	31.6 S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail	_		_	_	_	_	_
Rail and water	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	l –	_	_	_	-	_	_

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

i o explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Val	ue	То	ins	Ton-miles			
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
SCTG 15, COAL								
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Single modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Truck	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	
For-hire truck Private truck	=	_				_		
Rail	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	
Water Shallow draft	_	-	-	-	-	_		
Great Lakes Deep draft	_		- -	- -	_ _			
Air (includes truck and air)			_ _	_ _	_ S	_ S	_ S	
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Truck and rail			_ _	_ _	_ _	_		
Rail and water			- -	- -	_ _			
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	
SCTG 17, GASOLINE AND AVIATION TURBINE FUEL								
Total	27.4	_	29.4	_	27.0	_	12.7	
Single modes	27.6	.9	29.4	.1	27.0	.1	12.8	
Truck	27.6 21.3 33.5	.9 9.5 9.6	29.4 23.7 35.3	.1 9.0 9.0	27.0 23.6 33.1	.1 8.2 8.2	12.8 10.5 16.9	
Rail	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	
Water	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	= =	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline	=	-	- -	- -	_ S	- S	S	
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	-	-	_ _	-	-	_	
Truck and water Rail and water	Ξ	<u> </u>	=	=	=	=	_	
Other multiple modes	=	=	=	=	=	=	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6	
SCTG 18, FUEL OILS								
Total	16.2	-	16.9	-	27.9	_	28.3	
Single modes	16.2	-	16.9	-	27.9	-	28.3	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	16.8 21.6 22.6	1.7 6.8 6.9	17.8 24.5 21.8	2.0 7.4 7.3	29.8 34.0 34.7	3.8 8.8 9.4	29.3 19.6 47.9	
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.3	
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	=	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _		- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)			=	=	- S	- S	_ S	
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_ _	_ _	_	_	_	
Truck and water Rail and water	=		_ _ _	_ _ _	_	=		
Other multiple modes	=	_	_	_	_	=	_	
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Tory text							
	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	-miles	Average miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
SCTG 19, COAL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.E.C.								
Total	25.4	_	10.7	_	16.5	_	33.0	
Single modes	25.5	.5	10.7	_	16.5	_	30.0	
Truck	25.5	1.2	10.6	1.0	15.9	1.7	30.0	
For-hire truck Private truck	29.8 47.3	8.1 9.4	13.4 26.8	7.2 8.3	17.1 22.9	8.9 9.9	12.1 20.3	
Rail	S	S	S	S	s	S	28.2	
Water Shallow draft	-	_	_	-	_ _	_	_	
Great Lakes	=	_	_	_	_	-	=	
Deep draft	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	31.6 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	47.5	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	S	S	s	S	47.5	
Truck and rail	_	_	_		_	_	_	
Rail and water	_	_	_		_ _	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	
SCTG 20, BASIC CHEMICALS								
Total	14.2	_	16.8	_	19.0	_	14.5	
Single modes	12.5	1.4	17.0	1.2	19.0	.5	16.1	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	14.8 17.5 27.4	4.8 5.9 3.8	11.3 14.6 S	7.9 8.5 S	18.1 20.0 S	6.7 7.7 S	16.3 6.2 18.8	
Rail	40.8	5.1	40.8	8.1	47.1	6.9	29.1	
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	
Air (includes truck and air)	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	24.9 S	
Multiple modes	47.1	.2	36.8	-	39.9	-	24.5	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	47.1	.2	36.8	_	39.9	_	24.5	
Truck and rail	_	_	_	_	_ _	_	_	
Rail and water	_				_ _	_		
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	
SCTG 21, PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS								
Total	23.4	_	30.6	_	37.7	_	s	
Single modes	25.0	4.5	30.9	7.0	38.3	9.8	s	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	23.9 29.4 30.9	4.3 8.7 9.3	30.8 37.0 S	7.0 14.5 S	38.3 40.1 44.8	9.8 15.7 9.8	37.2 22.1 18.2	
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _		_ _ _	
Air (includes truck and air).	s -	S -	S -	S -	45.5 S	.5 S	23.6 S	
Multiple modes	21.9	4.6	27.7	7.0	25.4	9.8	26.9	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	21.9	4.6	27.7	7.0	25.4	9.8	26.9	
Truck and rail	_	_	_	_				
Rail and water		_	_		_ _	_		
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	42.1	

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-			т.				
	Val	ue	10	ons	Ton-miles		Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 22, FERTILIZERS							
Total	48.5	_	45.4	_	47.9	_	s
Single modes	49.2	10.4	46.1	10.4	48.4	10.3	s
Truck	49.1	10.4	46.1	10.4	48.4	10.3	S
For-hire truck	S 48.2	S 14.6	\$ 49.6	S 15.0	S S	S S	49.2 S
Rail	_	-	-	-	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft	s	S -	S -	S -	S	S -	31.6
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ S	_ _ S	_ _ S	_ _ S	_ _ S	_ _ S	31.6
Air (includes truck and air).	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Pipeline	-	_	-	_	S	S	S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	42.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	42.6
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	-		_ _	_	
Other multiple modes	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 23, CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, N.E.C.							
Total	21.7	-	31.2	-	33.6	-	17.3
Single modes	22.5	2.1	31.9	.9	34.3	1.1	18.7
Truck	24.0 28.0 31.9	2.7 5.0 3.6	35.0 46.0 43.3	4.5 7.7 5.3	39.2 43.0 48.7	6.1 6.0 2.5	18.6 12.0 25.8
Rail	35.2	2.4	36.8	4.6	38.6	6.5	22.2
Water	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	22.7 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	16.7
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S	16.7 29.8
Truck and water Rail and water		-	-		-	-	-
Other multiple modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	35.8
Other and unknown modes	48.2	.3	46.0	.4	s	s	s
SCTG 24, PLASTICS AND RUBBER							
Total	10.4	-	8.1	-	12.4	_	21.2
Single modes	10.8	2.7	8.1	1.4	12.8	1.0	19.1
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	12.0 18.3 21.6	3.5 5.4 5.7	10.6 17.9 18.6	5.4 4.9 6.0	14.2 19.6 33.9	8.8 6.9 6.9	19.5 11.8 11.0
Rail	26.5	2.2	26.6	5.0	27.4	9.1	20.5
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	=	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	s -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	19.5 S
Multiple modes	19.4	.9	36.8	.4	42.3	1.0	13.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	17.1 S	.7 S	33.1 S	.2 S	45.2 S	.5 S	13.2 31.6
Truck and water Rail and water Otherwise Indianal	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.5
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	- e	40.7	_	_
Other and unknown modes	l s	S	S	S	40.7	-	S

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-			Т		Tan		
	Val	ue	10	ons	TON-	miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment — coefficient of variation
SCTG 25, LOGS AND OTHER WOOD IN THE ROUGH							
Total	26.7	_	33.2	_	27.9	_	10.9
Single modes	26.7	_	33.2	.2	27.8	.2	10.9
Truck	26.8 27.0 48.5	.5 8.3 8.2	33.5 28.7 S	.6 10.5 S	28.7 26.9 44.8	2.7 6.6 7.0	11.1 41.5 22.9
Rail	s	S	S	S	s	S	31.2
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_		- S	s	- S
Multiple modes	_	_	-	-	_	_	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Truck and water Rail and water	Ξ.	_	_		_	_	_
Other multiple modes	=	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
SCTG 26, WOOD PRODUCTS							
Total	15.6	_	17.8	-	15.2	-	9.2
Single modes	15.9	.8	18.2	.9	15.4	.9	8.3
Truck	17.0 21.6 12.2	1.8 3.6 2.7	17.2 20.4 14.7	2.3 4.3 2.6	16.3 17.2 17.1	3.7 4.4 1.4	7.9 12.2 6.4
Rail	15.0	1.4	33.5	2.2	17.1	3.1	18.4
Water	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft		_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	
Air (includes truck and air)					- S	s	s
Multiple modes	41.9	.1	s	s	s	s	35.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S S	S S	S	S S S	S S	S S	36.9 33.6
Truck and water	S	S	S S	S -	S	S	31.6
Rail and water Other multiple modes	=	_	_	_	=	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	34.8
SCTG 27, PULP, NEWSPRINT, PAPER, AND PAPERBOARD							
Total	15.3	_	13.0	-	13.3	_	29.4
Single modes	15.4	.5	12.7	.4	13.0	.8	33.4
Truck	20.6 21.9 25.3	5.9 7.4 1.9	15.3 16.4 19.4	5.8 6.3 .8	16.7 17.2 34.8	5.6 5.9 .5	38.1 9.2 22.4
Rail	15.6	5.7	17.3	5.7	16.7	5.7	10.3
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)					_ S	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	15.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	38.7 S	.2 S	27.7 S	- S	32.3 S	_ S	19.2 31.2
Truck and water Rail and water		_ _ _	_ _ _				-
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	S	s	s	37.9

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]		Value		Tons		Ton miles	
	Val	ue	10	ons	Ton-miles		Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 28, PAPER OR PAPERBOARD ARTICLES							
Total	16.7	_	26.5	_	21.9	_	24.2
Single modes	17.1	1.2	27.2	1.0	22.5	2.0	27.3
Truck	16.9	1.1	26.5	1.5	23.0	2.9	27.4
For-hire truck Private truck	20.5 25.4	5.4 5.8	29.8 43.1	6.1 6.7	26.1 28.3	6.0 5.9	12.8 31.1
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	42.2
Water	s	s	s	S	S S	s	31.6
Shallow draft Great Lakes	S -	S - -	S -	S - -	- -	S - -	31.6
Deep draft	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	28.9 S
Multiple modes	26.3	1.1	43.5	.4	s	s	9.3
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	28.9	1.2	40.0	.2 S	30.0	.3 S	9.0
Truck and railTruck and water	S -	S -	S -	_	S -	_	28.3
Rail and water	_	_				_	_
Other and unknown modes	44.9	.6	s	s	44.2	.5	s
SCTG 29, PRINTED PRODUCTS							
Total	13.9	_	28.2	_	s	s	21.6
Single modes	18.1	5.4	29.1	2.4	s	s	37.8
Truck	18.2	5.5	29.1	2.5	S	S	35.6
For-hire truck Private truck	19.2 26.6	7.2 9.5	32.5 37.8	9.7 10.6	25.4 S	17.3 S	S 40.1
Rail	_	_	_	-	-	_	-
Water	_	-	_	-	-	-	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_		_ _ _	- - -	_ _	_	_
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	20.4 S
Multiple modes	41.0	5.1	26.6	1.3	30.1	3.9	17.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	41.0	5.1	26.6	1.3	30.1	3.9	17.4
Truck and water	-	-	_	-	_	_	_
Rail and water] =	_	_	_	_	=	_
Other and unknown modes	19.4	.7	34.1	1.6	s	s	s
SCTG 30, TEXTILES, LEATHER, AND ARTICLES OF TEXTILES OR LEATHER							
Total	14.2	_	7.7	_	10.0	_	4.5
Single modes	14.4	1.1	7.8	.3	10.2	.5	4.5
Truck	14.6 19.6 6.3	1.0 3.1 2.8	7.3 8.3 5.9	2.2 1.7 1.3	9.9 10.7 12.2	5.7 5.5 1.3	4.2 3.9 20.0
Rail	s	S	S	S	s	S	29.5
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	=	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	= =	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	46.0		48.3		48.1 S	_ S	8.1 S
Multiple modes	26.4	1.1	22.7	.2	26.8	.6	5.3
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	27.2	1.1 S	25.4	.2 S	29.0 S	.5 S	5.3 29.3
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	S	S	S S	S	S	S	30.3
Rail and water	_	_	_	-	_	_ =	=
Other and unknown modes	41.9	.5	33.9	.3	31.3	.3	18.4

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For expianation or terms and meaning or appreviations and symbols, see introduct	Value Value		To	ons	Ton-		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 31, NONMETALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS							
Total	7.3	_	24.5	_	10.8	_	29.7
Single modes	7.4	1.0	24.7	1.0	8.1	5.5	33.6
Truck	7.4 14.1 15.7	1.3 5.3 6.1	25.7 26.3 35.2	2.4 7.1 8.5	9.1 15.2 23.9	5.8 6.3 7.0	33.7 11.2 49.4
Rail	23.0	.9	22.6	2.4	33.6	4.7	17.9
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S	27.3 S
Multiple modes	30.9	.1	35.4	_	35.2	_	24.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	31.0 S	.1 S	38.0 S	_ S	35.2 S	_ S	25.3 31.6
Truck and water Rail and water	-	- -	3 - -	-	-	- -	- - -
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	33.7	1.0	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 32, BASE METAL IN PRIMARY OR SEMIFINISHED FORMS AND IN FINISHED BASIC SHAPES							
Total	15.3	-	20.5	_	26.5	-	11.2
Single modes	14.9	.4	20.3	.7	26.4	.7	10.8
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	14.6 18.0 13.7	3.5 4.7 3.4	17.9 21.3 19.6	6.7 5.6 5.3	15.1 15.9 27.2	10.1 9.8 1.8	9.9 6.8 15.6
Rail	27.9	3.4	30.4	6.9	40.7	10.2	18.9
Water Shallow draft	_	-		-	_	_	_
Great Lakes Deep draft		_ _	-	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	21.5 S
Multiple modes	32.0	.1	36.2	.1	41.1	.4	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	35.0 44.6	.1	33.6 42.5	_ .1	45.9 42.7	.4	S 25.9
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ _		-	_	_ _	_	_ _
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	25.8
SCTG 33, ARTICLES OF BASE METAL							
Total	12.7	_	19.8	_	27.2	_	14.3
Single modes	11.8	3.2	20.3	.9	27.6	1.9	18.0
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	12.1 21.4 24.6	3.1 6.8 5.6	20.1 33.9 30.9	.9 9.7 9.5	27.3 40.6 S	1.9 10.3 S	18.3 10.3 27.6
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	S	- S	- S	- S	- S S	S	37.9 S
Multiple modes	23.5	2.1	22.4	.2	24.9	.7	13.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	23.0	2.1	20.1	.2	27.4	.7	13.7
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	31.6 32.3 - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	28.2	.8	47.4	1.3	36.2

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

Confidence of Survivious	explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Value		To	ns	Ton-miles		
Total	SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	variation of		variation of		variation of		Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
Single modes 16.6 2.6 11.9 2.1 12.0 1.4	rg 34, machinery							
Title	Total	15.1	_	11.6	_	11.8	_	14.2
For-hier truck	Single modes	16.6	2.6	11.9	2.1	12.0	1.4	17.0
Water	or-hire truck	10.3	4.8	11.0	4.8	9.3	5.8	17.7 5.7 25.5
Shallow drieft		s	S	S	s	s	S	31.6
Pipeline	nallow draftreat Lakes	- - - -		_	_		- - -	- - -
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier.		34.3	.8 _	33.8	.2		.2 S	12.5 S
Truck and valer S S S S S S S S S	Multiple modes	27.5	2.4	19.7	.4	21.3	.4	14.8
Other and unknown modes	k and railk and water	S	S	S S			.4 S S	14.8 29.8 31.6
SCTG 35, ELECTRONIC AND OTHER ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT Total	er multiple modes	- 24.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	TG 35, ELECTRONIC AND OTHER ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT	34.7	1.4	39.4	1.9	49.9	1.2	38.9
Single modes		12.5	_	16.5	_	14.5	_	14.2
For-hire truck			5.2		1.7		4.6	18.4
Water	or-hire truck	18.8	4.0	19.6	3.6	16.6	4.5	17.6 8.6 28.4
Shallow draft		_	_	-	-	_	-	-
Pipéline	nallow draftreat Lakes	- - -	-	_	_	_	_	- - -
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier		43.5	2.5	30.2	.6		.8 S	6.1 S
Truck and rail	Multiple modes	29.1	5.3	31.0	1.6	s	s	9.7
Other multiple modes S	k and railk and water		S	S	_	S	S	9.7 29.8 —
SCTG 36, MOTORIZED AND OTHER VEHICLES (INCLUDING PARTS) Total 19.2 - 15.6 - 17.6 - Single modes 20.3 2.1 16.6 4.2 18.3 4.2 Truck 21.2 3.5 14.0 5.7 12.2 6.8 For-hire truck 25.1 8.2 19.9 9.2 20.8 10.5 Private truck 27.7 7.6 24.4 7.2 31.7 8.2 Rail S S S S S S		S	S	S		S	S	31.6
PARTS) 19.2 - 15.6 - 17.6 - Single modes 20.3 2.1 16.6 4.2 18.3 4.2 Truck 21.2 3.5 14.0 5.7 12.2 6.8 For-hire truck 25.1 8.2 19.9 9.2 20.8 10.5 Private truck 27.7 7.6 24.4 7.2 31.7 8.2 Rail S S S S S		15.8	.4	26.6	.5	33.7	.6	48.1
Single modes 20.3 2.1 16.6 4.2 18.3 4.2 Truck	ARTS)							
Truck 21.2 3.5 14.0 5.7 12.2 6.8 For-hire truck 25.1 8.2 19.9 9.2 20.8 10.5 Private truck 27.7 7.6 24.4 7.2 31.7 8.2 Rail S S S S S S			2.1		4.2		4.2	s
Rail	sk or-hire truck	21.2 25.1	3.5 8.2	14.0 19.9	5.7 9.2	12.2 20.8	6.8 10.5	S 11.2
								47.9 29.8
Water - - - - - Shallow draft - - - - - Great Lakes - - - - -	hallow draft	- - -					_ _ _	_ _ _
Deep draft -	eep draft	A1 2						14.6
Pipeline - - - - S S	lline	-	_	-	_	S	S	S
Multiple modes S S S S S Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier 36.0 .6 S S 42.9 .4								12.0 11.9
Truck and rail	k and rail . k and water and water		S	S - -	S - -	S -	S	30.2
Other and unknown modes	•	32.5				s	s	s

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory tex		Value		Tons		Ton miles	
	Vai	ue T			Ton-miles		Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment – coefficient of variation
SCTG 37, TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, N.E.C.							
Total	20.4	_	27.4	_	27.9	_	6.6
Single modes	18.0	5.3	30.3	5.9	28.6	1.5	6.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	23.3 27.3 49.9	8.6 8.0 5.7	26.2 30.3 S	10.9 11.2 S	27.4 31.2 S	9.9 10.5 S	14.9 14.7 23.9
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	33.5
Water Shallow draft	S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S	S 27.8
Great Lakes Deep draft	s s	s S	- S	s S	- S	S	29.1
Air (includes truck and air)	29.7	8.5	38.2	4.7	33.6 S	10.4 S	8.0 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	34.1	.3	18.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	32.9	.2	34.6	.2	18.1
Truck and rail. Truck and water Rail and water	S	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
Other multiple modes	=	_	_	_	=	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.1
SCTG 38, PRECISION INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS							
Total	21.3	_	S	s	s	S	35.8
Single modes	28.4	11.0	s	s	s	S	28.5
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	27.9 29.8 31.7	10.8 11.6 2.1	S S 28.9	S S 5.8	S S S	S S S	20.9 16.4 S
Rail	_	-	-	-	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft					_ _		
Great Lakes	_	_	_	_	_ _	_	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)	s -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	23.8 S
Multiple modes	30.5	11.1	s	s	28.5	16.1	48.3
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	30.5	11.1	S -	S -	28.5	16.1	48.3
Truck and water	_		-		_	_	
Other multiple modes	s	- S	45.2	.4	s	s	- S
SCTG 39, FURNITURE, MATTRESSES AND MATTRESS SUPPORTS, LAMPS, LIGHTING FITTINGS, AND ILLUMINATED SIGNS			10.2				
Total	10.5	-	14.2	-	14.7	-	12.7
Single modes	10.6	.4	14.3	.3	14.6	.1	12.7
Truck	11.2 13.6 24.0	2.5 5.7 5.3	14.6 19.8 21.4	1.1 5.4 4.9	15.2 18.3 33.8	1.9 5.1 4.5	11.7 8.8 17.1
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft					_ _		
Great Lakes	_				_ _	_	
Air (includes truck and air)	s -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	29.2 S
Multiple modes	33.5	.4	21.1	.1	24.6	_	13.7
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	33.5	.4	21.1	.1	24.6		13.7
Truck and water	_		_ _		_ _		
Other multiple modes				_	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	28.0	.2	45.7	.3	45.9	.2	s

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For expianation or terms and meaning or appreviations and symbols, see introduct	Value		To	Tons		Ton-miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 40, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS							
Total	11.7	_	44.3	_	28.0	_	12.8
Single modes	13.5	5.4	47.6	3.3	30.6	2.5	18.9
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	14.0 18.2 14.7	5.4 5.2 2.3	47.9 S 22.6	3.5 S 6.7	31.1 38.8 29.3	3.3 6.0 4.8	19.3 10.3 26.1
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	_	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	30.8	.7	s -	S -	44.5 S	1.2 S	27.1 S
Multiple modes	28.8	5.3	26.8	3.3	13.5	2.5	21.5
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	28.8	5.3	26.8	3.3	13.5	2.5	21.5
Truck and water Rail and water		_ _	-	- -	-		_ _
Other multiple modes	37.9	.4	45.9	4	49.9	.2	26.1
SCTG 41, WASTE AND SCRAP	37.3		45.5		43.3		20.1
Total	29.4	_	29.1	_	39.1	_	16.6
Single modes	30.5	5.3	30.1	2.9	43.6	8.2	18.1
Truck	31.5 37.3 22.8	7.1 10.7 11.1	33.0 S 29.1	8.8 S 13.2	46.9 S 28.8	11.7 S 11.9	20.2 22.3 22.1
Rail	S	s	S	S	S	s	27.0
Water	_	-	_	-	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -		- - -	_ _ _	=	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	31.6 S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	_	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier			-	- -	-	-	
Truck and water Rail and water	- -	_ _	-	_ _	-	-	_ _
Other multiple modes	_	-	-	_	-	_	-
Other and unknown modes	5	5	5	5	5	5	30.7
SCTG 43, MIXED FREIGHT Total	s	s	47.6	_	s	s	28.3
Single modes	s	s	47.7	.4	s	s	27.9
Truck For-hire truck	S S	S	47.7 S	.4 S	S	SS	27.9 31.3
Private truck	Š	Š	47.5	.5	Š	S	28.2
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -		- - - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)		_ _	-	_ _	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _		_ _ _
Other multiple modes	s -	- S	- S	s	- S	- S	30.8

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Val	ue	Tons		Ton-		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
COMMODITY UNKNOWN							
Total	39.8	-	49.7	-	35.4	_	29.8
Single modes	40.1	8.7	s	s	37.8	10.4	s
Truck	40.3 S S	8.4 S S	S S S	S S S	37.9 S S	10.4 S S	S 19.3 S
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	_	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	s -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	26.7 S
Multiple modes	43.0	9.7	34.3	1.4	40.8	2.4	22.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	43.0 - - - -	9.7 - - - -	34.3 - - - -	1.4 - - - -	40.8 - - - -	2.4 - - - -	22.2 - - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.8

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-7. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by State of Destination for State of Origin: 1997

	Value		То	ns	Ton-miles		
State of destination	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
Total	5.2	_	7.0	_	4.6	_	
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	34.3 19.5 13.8 29.3 13.2 39.5	.2 - .2 - - -	28.3 24.4 20.9 32.9 33.7 28.8	- .1 - -	29.4 23.9 20.9 30.0 36.8 28.7	.1 .4 .2 .2	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey	8.3 12.5 4.7	.2 .3 .2	10.8 7.7 13.3	- .1 .2	10.4 7.2 14.4	.2 .3 .5	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	14.0 12.3 14.1 14.1 17.6	.3 .1 .3 .5 .2	10.4 13.5 14.6 15.5 21.0	.1 - .1 .2 -	10.3 17.2 19.9 15.9 22.1	.4 .3 .5 .5	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	13.6 19.2 15.4 9.5 18.1 27.2 45.2	- - - - - -	16.6 31.8 15.5 31.6 29.1 28.1	- - 2 - - S	18.0 32.9 16.1 41.4 31.3 28.6 S	.1 .2 .2 .1.0 .1 .5	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	17.6 41.1 25.8 11.7 11.8 6.3 6.4 27.5 32.0	- .9 .8 .1 .8 1.2 .6 .1	28.1 32.5 17.9 10.4 15.4 7.4 10.0 9.3 37.0	- .4 .7 - .7 2.4 .2	29.9 29.4 20.8 10.0 15.2 6.1 9.9 10.7 44.2	.1 1.1 5.2 5.5 1.3 2	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	6.7 15.5 15.6 6.7	.2 .2 _ .2	13.3 12.6 16.8 11.4	.2 .1 	14.4 14.3 17.3 12.4	.4 .3 .1 .3	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	12.8 9.3 35.2 14.0	_ _ .1 .5	18.7 22.3 23.4 8.7	- - .1	20.4 19.7 23.5 8.4	.1 .2 .2 .6	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona Colorado Idaho. Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming	31.1 28.8 37.5 15.4 19.7 5 19.7 32.7	.2 - - - - S -	22.4 26.2 40.9 28.8 26.4 S 38.0 S	- - - - - - S	21.8 28.2 41.2 30.1 26.3 \$ 37.2	.2 2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska California Hawaii Oregon Washington	39.8 12.1 49.2 19.7 11.8	.3 - - -	41.3 7.5 44.2 22.1 35.4	- - - - -	35.7 8.0 41.5 22.4 36.4	.6 - .1 .6	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-8. Measures of Reliability for Inbound Shipment Characteristics by State of Origin for State of Destination: 1997

	Value		То	ns	Ton-miles		
State of origin	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
Total	6.6	-	9.9	_	15.2	_	
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	13.8 18.3 19.1 14.7 43.0 22.0	- 2 - - -	S 27.4 16.1 31.7 48.2 27.3	S - - - -	\$ 27.1 16.2 32.5 48.1 26.2	S .1	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey	19.4 11.6 12.2	.4 .3 .4	34.1 10.1 13.8	.2 _ .1	34.9 9.8 13.6	.7 .2 .3	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	8.1 10.9 13.9 9.4 12.5	.2 .2 .3 .3 .2	18.6 20.9 31.7 10.0 13.8	.1 .1 .2 .2 -	19.4 23.6 33.5 11.2 14.4	.7 .5 .9 .5 .2	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	16.6 26.3 8.4 11.9 35.9 25.2 36.2		26.0 26.4 19.5 8.5 34.8 47.2 37.4	- - - - -	27.3 30.6 21.1 8.4 36.6 47.9 37.7	.1 .2 .2 .1 	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	37.9 - 11.9 6.9 25.7 37.4 6.4 6.2 14.0	- .3 .9 .2 4.4 2.1 .1	29.7 - 13.1 8.9 26.1 15.5 10.0 25.1 23.9		29.5 - 13.8 9.9 26.6 13.4 9.9 26.3 24.6	- .4 1.4 1.1 1.1 8.8 1.4	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	15.2 17.6 14.9 11.9	.4 .2 _ .5	11.3 S 16.3 20.4	.2 S - .4	15.1 S 17.5 22.4	.4 S .1 .9	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	17.1 22.4 17.7 9.8	.3 - .4	15.2 31.0 32.8 12.6	.3 - .2	15.9 30.2 36.7 15.1	1.3 .4 1.4	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming	36.7 25.3 49.6 40.2 42.1 42.7 41.7 S	- - - - - .1 S	S S 19.0 41.2 S S 30.2 S	88 88 - 8	\$ 19.3 41.6 \$ \$ 31.0	881 1882S	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska California Hawaii. Oregon Washington.	27.4 S 43.5 16.4	.8 S .2	11.4 S 23.4 23.7	- - 8 - -	13.0 S 23.7 24.4	.5 S .2	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Appendix C. Sample Design, Data Collection, and Estimation

INTRODUCTION

The primary goal for the 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) is to estimate shipping volumes (value, tons, and ton-miles) by commodity and mode of transportation at varying levels of geographic detail. A detailed description of the sample design for the 1997 CFS is provided below.

SAMPLE DESIGN

The sample for the 1997 CFS is selected using a stratified three-stage design in which the first-stage sampling units are establishments, the second-stage sampling units are groups of four 1-week periods (reporting weeks) within the survey year, and the third-stage sampling units are shipments.

First Stage

To create the first-stage sampling frame, we extracted a subset of establishment records from the 1995 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL). The SSEL is a database, maintained by the Bureau of the Census, that contains a record for each establishment with employees. (An establishment is a single physical location where business transactions take place.) Establishments having nonzero payroll in 1994 and classified in the mining, manufacturing, wholesale, or selected retail industries, as defined by the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual, are included on the sampling frame. Auxiliary establishments (e.g. warehouses and central administrative offices) with shipping activity are also included. Auxiliary establishments are establishments that are primarily involved in rendering support services for other establishments within the same company, instead of for the public, government, or other business firms. All other establishments contained on the sampling frame are referred to as nonauxiliary establishments. For each establishment we extracted sales, payroll, number of employees, name and address information, as well as a primary identifier. We also computed a measure of size for each establishment. The measure of size for a particular establishment is designed to approximate the establishment's total value of shipments for 1994.

To reduce the amount of sampling variability and because estimates are desired for each commodity, we used a stratified design with a certainty component for each three-digit SIC. To accomplish this, each establishment on the sampling frame is classified into a three-digit

SIC grouping. For each group of establishments, a boundary (or cutoff) that divides the certainty establishments from the noncertainty establishments is determined using the Lavallee-Hidiroglou algorithm. If an establishment's measure of size is greater than the cutoff, the establishment is selected "with certainty". Establishments selected "with certainty" were assured of being selected and represented only themselves (i.e., have a selection probability of one and a sampling weight of one). No certainty cutoffs are set for auxiliary establishments because they only make up a small portion of the estimated total value of shipments for all establishments on the sampling frame.

Establishments not selected with certainty makeup the noncertainty universe. We stratify the noncertainty universe by SIC recode, National Transportation Analysis Region (NTAR), and a flag used to differentiate auxiliary establishments from nonauxiliary establishments. Each SIC recode is constructed from a group of related three-digit SIC codes. The NTARs, developed by the Department of Transportation as combinations of Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) Areas, collectively provide a mutually exclusive and exhaustive coverage of the United States. Finally, the auxiliary stratification came about because establishments with different types of operation may have different shipping practices. We refer to a particular SIC recode-NTAR-auxiliary flag combination as a primary stratum.

We further stratify the noncertainty establishments within each primary stratum using the measure of size previously described. We refer to these measure-of-size strata as substrata of the primary strata. The measure of size stratification increases the efficiency of the sample design. The Dalenius-Hodges cumulative rule is used to set the substratum boundaries. We then use Neyman allocation to determine the sample size required within each substratum to meet a coefficient of variation constraint on the primary stratum total measure of size. Within each substratum, a simple random sample of establishments is selected without replacement.

To arrive at the final sample size, we allocated additional establishments to some of the strata so that the probability of selecting any establishment is no less than 1 in 100. In total, the first-stage sample comprises 102,739 establishments.

Second Stage

The frame for the second stage of sampling consists of 52 one-week reporting periods (reporting weeks) during the interval from December 29, 1996, to December 26,

1997. Each establishment selected for the 1997 CFS was systematically assigned to report for a group of four reporting weeks throughout the survey year. The four reporting weeks in a given group are separated by 12 weeks. For example, an establishment might be requested to report data for the 5th, 18th, 31st, and 44th weeks of the survey year.

Third Stage

For each of the four reporting weeks in which an establishment is asked to report, we request the respondent to construct a sampling frame that consists of all shipments made by their establishment in each particular reporting week. For any particular reporting week, if an establishment makes 40 or fewer shipments during that week, we ask the respondent to provide information about all of their establishment's shipments from that week, i.e., no sampling is required. For establishments making more than 40 shipments in a given reporting week, we ask the respondent to select a systematic sample of these shipments and to provide us with information only about the selected shipments. The size of a particular respondent's sample for a given reporting week should be between 20 and 40 shipments, depending on the total number of shipments the establishment made during that reporting week.

DATA COLLECTION

Each establishment selected into the CFS sample is mailed a questionnaire for each of its four reporting weeks. For a given establishment, we request the respondent to provide the following information about their establishment's shipments: domestic destination or port of exit, commodity, value, weight, mode(s) of transportation, the date on which the shipment was made, and an indication of whether the shipment was an export, hazardous material, or containerized. For shipments that include more than one commodity, respondents are instructed to report the commodity that makes up the greatest percentage of the shipment's weight. For exports, we also ask the respondent to provide the mode of export and the foreign destination city and country.

We used two versions of the questionnaire to collect data from the sampled establishments—the CFS-1000 and the CFS-2000. Each establishment received the CFS-1000 in each of its first three reporting weeks. However, for the fourth reporting week, a subsample of approximately 25,000 establishments received the CFS-2000, while the remaining establishments received the CFS-1000. The CFS-2000 requests the respondent to provide additional information about their establishment's access to on-site and off-site shipping facilities, as well as transportation equipment. See Appendix E for a copy of each questionnaire.

ESTIMATION

Each shipment has associated with it a single tabulation weight, that is used in computing all estimates to which

the shipment contributes. The tabulation weight is a product of seven different weights. A description of each weight follows.

CFS respondents provide data for a sample of shipments made by their respective establishments in the survey year. For each establishment, we produce an estimate of that establishment's total value of shipments for the entire survey year. To do this, we use four different weights, the shipment weight, the shipment nonresponse weight, the quarter weight, and the quarter nonresponse weight.

Like establishments, we identify shipments as either certainty or noncertainty. (See the Nonsampling Error section in Appendix B for a description of how certainty shipments are identified.) For noncertainty shipments, the shipment weight is defined as the ratio of the total number of noncertainty shipments (as reported by the respondent) made by an establishment in a reporting week to the number of sampled noncertainty shipments for the same week. This weight uses the data from the sampled shipments to represent all the establishment's shipments made in the reporting week. However, some respondents fail to provide sufficient information about a sampled shipment. For example, a respondent may not be able to provide value, weight, or a destination ZIP Code for some of the sampled shipments. If these data items cannot be imputed, then these shipments would not contribute to tabulations and are deemed "unusable." (A usable shipment is one that has valid entries for value, weight, and origin and destination ZIP Codes.) To account for these "unusable" shipments, we apply the shipment nonresponse weight. For noncertainty shipments from a particular establishment's reporting week, this weight is equal to the ratio of the number of sampled shipments for the reporting week to the number of "usable" shipments for the same week. The shipment weight and shipment nonresponse weight for certainty shipments from a particular establishment's reporting week are both equal to one.

The quarter weight inflates an establishment's estimate for a particular reporting week to an estimate for the corresponding quarter. For noncertainty shipments, the quarter weight is equal to 13. The quarter weight for most certainty shipments is also equal to 13. However, if a respondent is able to provide information about all large (or certainty) shipments made in the quarter containing the reporting week, then the quarter weight for each of these shipments would be one. For each establishment, the quarterly estimates are added to produce an estimate of the establishment's value of shipments for the entire survey year. Whenever an establishment does not provide the Census Bureau with a response for each of its four reporting weeks, we compute a quarter nonresponse weight. The quarter nonresponse weight for a particular establishment is defined as the ratio of the number of

quarters for which the establishment was in business in the survey year to the total number of quarters (reporting weeks) for which we received usable shipment data from the establishment.

Using these four component weights, we compute an estimate of each establishment's value of shipments for the entire survey year. We then multiply this estimate by a weight that adjusts the estimate using value of shipments and sales data obtained from other Census Bureau surveys and preliminary results of the 1997 Economic Census. This weight, called the establishment-level adjustment weight, attempts to correct for any sampling or nonsampling errors that occur during the sampling of shipments by the respondent.

The adjusted value of shipments estimate for an establishment is then weighted by the establishment weight. This weight is equal to the inverse of the establishment's probability of being selected into the sample.

A final adjustment weight, called the SIC-level adjustment weight, uses preliminary results of the 1997 Economic Census to account for establishments from which we did not receive a response (including establishments from which we did not receive any usable shipment data) and for changes in the population of establishments between the time the first-stage sampling frame was constructed (1995) and the year in which the data were collected (1997). Separate SIC-level adjustment weights are determined for nonauxiliary and auxiliary establishments.

Appendix D. Standard Classification of Transported Goods Code Information

The commodities shown in this report are classified using the Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG) coding system. The SCTG coding system was created jointly by agencies of the United States and Canadian governments based on the Harmonized System (HS) of product classification which is used worldwide. The purpose of the SCTG coding system was to specifically address statistical needs in regard to products transported.

In the past, Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) data have been collected and reported using product classifications found in the Standard Transportation Commodity Classification (STCC) system. These classifications were developed in the early 1960s by the American Association of Railroads (AAR) to analyze commodity movements by rail. The original purpose of the STCC was for identification of commodities for purposes of assigning rates for Interstate Commerce Commission (ICC) regulated rail carriers. The STCC continues to be used by the AAR as a tariff mechanism.

At the time that the Commodity Transportation Survey (CTS) (the CTS—the predecessor of the CFS) was first conducted in 1963, STCC codes were still useful for analyzing most important aspects of the U.S. transportation system. Since then, many changes have taken place that have gradually made the STCC code less useful for tracking domestic product movements across all modes (although

it remains perfectly functional for tracking rail-only movements). These include the deregulation of trucking, the enactment of North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), changes in logistics practices, the emergence of plastics and composite materials to replace metals and glass, the obsolescence of many categories of wood products, and the very rapid recent development of high-tech electronic goods. Because the CFS is a shipper survey, the CFS collects information about shipments moving on all modes. As a consequence, STCC classifications frequently provide inadequate detail for identifying products that are significant for modes, such as truck and air. It is for these reasons that the Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) has sponsored the development of a new product code to collect and report CFS data.

In 1997 the CFS provided respondents with a listing of SCTG codes and descriptions at the five-digit level to use in assigning a commodity code for each shipment. For shipments of more than one commodity, we instructed respondents to use the five-digit code for the major commodity, defined as the commodity of greatest total weight in the shipment.

Additional information on the SCTG system can be found on the Internet through the BTS web page at http://www.bts.gov. Comments or questions on the SCTG should be directed to http://cfs@bts.gov.

Appendix E. Sample Report Forms and Instructions

The sample report forms and instructions are shown on the following pages.

Note: The CFS-2000 was sent to a subsample of establishments to obtain additional information about the use of transportation equipment and facilities.

FORM **CFS-1000** (11-1-96)

Reporting period:

1997 COMMODITY FLOW SURVEY CENSUS OF TRANSPORTATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Please return by:	
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East 10th Street Jeffersonville IN 47132-0001	
<u> </u>	(Please correct any error in name, address, and ZIP Code)
BEFORE COMPLETING YOUR REPORT, please read the accompanying instruction guide. If book figures are not available for requested data, please provide estimates. If you have any questions, please call 1–800–772–7851.	Is this establishment's physical location the same as the address shown in the label? (PO boxes or rural routes are not physical locations.) 1 Yes
Through this survey, we are requesting data on a	² □ No — Enter physical location below. _▼
representative sample of your outbound shipments, to help us produce key statistics used by transportation planners	Number and street
and managers. We greatly appreciate your assistance in this program.	
	City, town, village, etc. State ZIP Code
Is the establishment name shown in the mailing address correct?	
₁	NOTE — The rest of this questionnaire requests information about shipments (or deliveries) from the establishment located at the address in the mailing label.
2 ☐ No — Enter correct name. ⊋	If you entered a different address in item C — Please complete the form for shipments originating from the location listed in item C.
	Please enter the total number of outbound shipments (or deliveries), including customer pick-up, for the one-week reporting period shown above. If book figures are not available, please provide your best estimate.
Mark (X) the ONE box which best describes this establishment during the one-week period shown above.	This number should reflect all shipments and deliveries leaving this location during the one-week reporting period. Please see Instruction Guide for a definition of
Temporarily or seasonally inactive Cased operation — Give date	DO NOT PROCEED UNTIL YOU HAVE
3 ☐ Ceased operation — Give date ——→	COMPLETED ITEM D.
that receive this questionnaire to answer the questions	Inited States Code, requires businesses and other organizations and return the report to the Census Bureau. By the same law, be seen only by Census Bureau employees and may be used respondents' files are immune from legal process.

Item E SAMPLING INSTRUCTIONS

Our goal in this section is to identify a sample of your shipments that you will provide data on. Through the use of a sample, we can avoid asking you for information on all of your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

FINDING YOUR SELECTION RATE

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in item D, please enter "1" as your selection rate in the box below, then go directly to item F and enter the information for each of your shipments.

If you reported 41 or more shipments in item D, we will now ask you to select and report on a sample of your shipments. Following the steps below will result in a sample of 20 to 40 shipments to report on in item F.

In the table at right, identify the selection rate that corresponds to the number you entered in item D, and enter it in the box below.

Please enter your	
selection rate>	

Number of shipments entered in item D	Selection rate
1— 40	1
41— 80	2
81— 100	3
101— 200	5
201— 400	10
401— 800	20
801— 1600	40
1601— 3200	80
3201— 6400	160
6401—12800	320
More than 12800	Call Census at 1–800–772–7851

CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE. -

SHIPMENT CHARACTERISTICS Item F If a Shipment Shipment value hazardous Shipment date (excluding Commodity material, Shipment weight shipping costs) code from Commodity description enter the in pounds SCTG Manual Number in whole "UN" or (c) Line dollars "NA" Month number Da) (a) (b) (d) (e) (f) (h) (g) 123-5 4 26 4,235 140 3₁5₁1₂0 Electrical transformers 402H 125,300 00 4 26 626,500 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 Gasoline 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Mode of transport codes Parcel delivery, courier, or U.S. 2 — Private truck 4 - Railroad for columns (k) and (n) Postal Service 3 - For-hire truck Continued

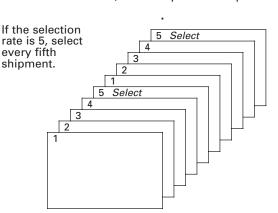
Page 2

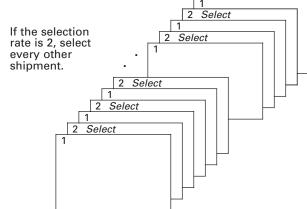
FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

SELECTING YOUR SAMPLE OF SHIPMENTS

- 1. Use the file or combination of files that best reflects your full range of outbound shipping activities.
- 2. Begin with the first shipment. Count the shipments until you reach your selection rate. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **3.** Continue counting with the next shipment. Count this shipment as 1 and continue until you reach the selection rate again. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **4.** Repeat step 3 until you reach the last shipment for the one-week period. If the last shipment is counted as the selection rate, select this shipment to report on in item F. If the last shipment is not counted as the selection rate, do not report this shipment.

In the following examples, each rectangle represents one shipment.





Once you have selected your sample of shipments, please proceed to item F and enter the requested information for each selected shipment. Examples of completed lines for two shipments are provided on lines "0" and "00" below.

If you have difficulties constructing a file of shipments or have questions about how to select the sample of your shipments, please call our toll-free number for assistance: 1–800–772–7851.

<u> </u>										Γ		_	_
Containerized? (Y/N)		U.S. destination (Complete for all shipments.)		Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign destination (for export shipments only) Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. (m)			Line No.				
(i)	City	State	State ZIP Code		codes below. (k)	Ш (I)	City	Country	© Export mode	(0)			
N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9	0) [$0_{\parallel}4_{\parallel}$	0	2, 4, 3	N				0
N	New York	N Y	1	լ0) 4	$\mathbf{l}_{\parallel}5_{\parallel}$	4	5	Y	London	England	6	00
													1
				ı	1	1 1							2
				ı	ı	1 1							3
				1		1 1							4
						1 1							5
													6
						1 1							7
													8
													9
\bigcup	5 — Shallow draft vessel 6 — Deep draft vessel			7 — 8 —		ipelir ir	ie	9 — (0 — (1	1	ر ا

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 4.

Page :

lte	m F SHIP	MEN	т сн	ARACTERISTICS — Con	tinued			
Eine No.	Shipment ID Number	ID shipping costs)		Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number	
(a)	(d)			(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
31								
32								
33								
34	Mode of tra	nenor	t cod	ae 1 — Parcel	delivery, courier, or U.S.	2 — Priv	rate truck 4 — Railro	ad
	for columns	. (k) ai	nd (n)		Service	3 — For-	-hire truck Continued	

Page 4

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

)	U.S. destination (Complete for all shipments.) (j)		ts.)	transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order	Export? (Y/N)	(for export ship Note: In column (j) airport, or border cr	eign destination ort shipments only) umn (j) enter the U.S. port, order crossing of exit. (m)		
+	City	State	ZIP Code	apply in order used. Use codes below. (k)	⊜ Exp	City	Country	Export mode	(0
				(K)	(1)			(11)	Т
_									1
									ļ.
\perp									ŀ
			1 1 1 1						
									Τ.
									t
+								-	+
_								_	+
									1
									1
									†
									+
									1
									1
									†
									+
<u> </u>									1
									Ī
1									Ť
									+
+									+
									1

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 6.

Page 5

lte	m F SHII	PMEN	т сн	ARACTERISTICS — Con	tinued					
Line No.	Shipment ID Number		ment ate c)	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Ş	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description		If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)	Σ	ă	(d)	(e)	\dashv	(f)	(9	g)	(h)
35										
36							1 1 1 1			
37							1 1 1			
38										
39										
40										
Mc	L de of trans columns (k	port c	odes	1 — Parcel o	L delivery, courier, or U.S Service	S.		Private truck For-hire truck	4 — Railroad <i>Continued</i> —	
	2 . /	Are the room to separate of se	nents of this es	ords for outbound ships ords for outbound ships ocation maintained in a efiles (e.g., separate file nodity, or for each ships location?	ments number s for ping	ltem	one-wee should re establish An estim Total val	e total value of ship k reporting period. epresent all product ment for the one-vate is acceptable. ue in whole dollars to three months did individual shipment of the ser \$2,000,000?	This figure cts leaving this week period.	
	3. \	Noul	d it be ionna ient s es	em G1 or item G2: e easier to receive a sepire for each file or each ite?			□No			
Ite	m J CER	TIFIC	ATIOI	N						
Na	me of perso	on to c	ontac	t regarding this report – <i>Pl</i> o	ease print	Telep	hone number	– Include area code	Date	
Sig	nature				-	Title				
/										,

Page 6 FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

Containerized? (Y/N)	U.S. destina (Complete for all s (j)	tion shipmen	ts.)	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign destination (for export shipments only) Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit.			Line No.
(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	codes below.	(I)	City	Country	© Export mode	(0)
									35
									36
									T
									37
									38
									39
	5 — Shallow draft vessel		7 — Pipeli	ino 9	Otho	r mode			40
- - - -									
_									
		THA	ANK YOU FC	R COMPLETII	NG Y	OUR REPORT			

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96) Page 7

FORM (6-9-97) CFS-2000

Reporting period:

1997 COMMODITY FLOW SURVEY CENSUS OF TRANSPORTATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Please return by:								
RETURN TO BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East 10th Street Jeffersonville IN 47132-0001			0	lease correct	any error in name,	address and	l ZIP Coo	de)
BEFORE COMPLETING YOUR REPORT, paccompanying instruction guide. If book figure available for requested data, please provide have any questions, please call 1–800–772–7	ures are estimat 7851.	not	ie	Item C Is as rul	this establishmen the address show ral routes are not - Enter physical lo	nt's physica vn in the la physical lo	l location bel? (PC cations	on the same O boxes or
representative sample of your outbound shi us produce key statistics used by transporta and managers. We greatly appreciate your a program. Item A Is the establishment name shown in	pments tion pla assistan	nners		Number an	nd street , village, etc.		State	ZIP Code
mailing address correct? 1 Yes 2 No — Enter correct name.				shipments address in If you enter	he rest of this que: (or deliveries) fron the mailing label. red a different addi ipments originatin	n the establi ress in item	shment C — <i>Ple</i>	ease complete the
				io) on	ease enter the tota r deliveries), include e-week reporting p e not available, ple	ling customo	er pick-u n above	up, for the e. If book figures
Mark (X) the ONE box which best de establishment during the one-week pabove. 1 In operation 2 Temporarily or seasonally inactive			Year			shipments this location reporting	and de on durin period. In Guide	uld reflect all eliveries leaving ng the one-week Please see for a definition of
3 ☐ Ceased operation — Give date →		,		£	DO NOT PROCE COMPL	EED UNTIL		HAVE
YOUR RESPONSE IS REQUIRED B that receive this questionnaire to ans YOUR CENSUS REPORT IS CONFI only for statistical purposes. Further,	wer the o	questi \L. It r	ons and	return the re	eport to the Census Census Bureau em	s Bureau. By iployees and	the san I may be	ne law,

Item E SAMPLING INSTRUCTIONS

Our goal in this section is to identify a sample of your shipments that you will provide data on. Through the use of a sample, we can avoid asking you for information on all of your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

FINDING YOUR SELECTION RATE

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in item D, please enter "1" as your selection rate in the box below, then go directly to item F and enter the information for each of your shipments.

If you reported 41 or more shipments in item D, we will now ask you to select and report on a sample of your shipments. Following the steps below will result in a sample of 20 to 40 shipments to report on in item F.

In the table at right, identify the selection rate that corresponds to the number you entered in item D, and enter it in the box below.

Please enter your	
selection rate	

Number of shipments entered in item D	Selection rate
1— 40	1
41— 80	2
81— 100	3
101— 200	5
201— 400	10
401— 800	20
801— 1600	40
1601— 3200	80
3201— 6400	160
6401—12800	320
More than 12800	Call Census at 1–800–772–7851

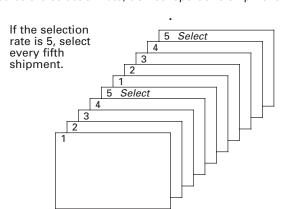
CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE. –

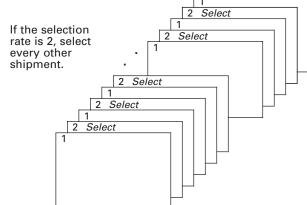
Iten	n F SHIPN	IENT	СНА	RACTERISTICS				
Line No.	Shipment ID Number	r (c) (excludin shipping co in whole dollars		Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	ng Shipment weight on pounds in pounds		Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)			(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
0	123-5	4	26	4,235	140	3 5 1 2 0	Electrical transformers	
00	402H	4	26	125,300	626,500	1,7,1,0,0	Gasoline	1,2,0,3
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								+
6						1 1 1		
7								
8								
9								
	Mode of tra for columns	nspor (k) aı	t code nd (n)	es 1 — Parcel de Postal S	elivery, courier, or U.S. ervice		I vate truck 4 — Railroad -hire truck Continued ——	

SELECTING YOUR SAMPLE OF SHIPMENTS

- 1. Use the file or combination of files that best reflects your full range of outbound shipping activities.
- 2. Begin with the first shipment. Count the shipments until you reach your selection rate. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **3.** Continue counting with the next shipment. Count this shipment as 1 and continue until you reach the selection rate again. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **4.** Repeat step 3 until you reach the last shipment for the one-week period. If the last shipment is counted as the selection rate, select this shipment to report on in item F. If the last shipment is not counted as the selection rate, do not report this shipment.

In the following examples, each rectangle represents one shipment.





Once you have selected your sample of shipments, please proceed to item F and enter the requested information for each selected shipment. Examples of completed lines for two shipments are provided on lines "0" and "00" below.

If you have difficulties constructing a file of shipments or have questions about how to select the sample of your shipments, please call our toll-free number for assistance: 1–800–772–7851.

© Containerized?	U.S. destination (Complete for all shipments.) (j) City State Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use codes below. (k) (k)		(Complete for all shipments.)			Foreign destination (for export shipments only) Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. (m) City Country		© Export mode	© Line No.				
N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9	0) [$0_{\parallel}4_{\parallel}$	0	2, 4, 3	N				0
N	New York	N Y	1	_0)	$\mathbf{l}_{\parallel}5_{\parallel}$	4	5	Y	London	England	6	00
		ı											1
				ı									2
				1		1 1							3
				ı	ı	1 1							4
				1	1	1 1							5
				1	1	1 1							6
						1 1							7
													8
						1 1							9
\Box	5 — Shallow draft vessel 6 — Deep draft vessel	1 1		7 – 8 –		ipelin Vir	ie	9 — C 0 — L			1		

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 4.

Page 3

Line No.	Shipment ID Number	(0	ite :)	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA"
一 (a)	(b)	Month	Day	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	number (h)
10								
11								\perp
12								
13								
14								
15								$\overline{}$
16								
17								
18								
19								+
20								+
21								
22								
23								
24								+
25								\perp
26								
27								
28								
								++++
29								+
30								
31								
32			\vdash					++++
33								+
34								
	Mode of tra	nspoi	t codes	1 — Parcel	delivery, courier, or U.S. Service	2 — Priv 3 — For-	rate truck 4 — Railroa -hire truck <i>Continued</i> -	d

E-12 APPENDIX E

(N/N)	U.S. destinat (Complete for all s	tion hipment	s.)	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign de (for export ship Note: In column (j) airport, or border c	stination oments only) enter the U.S. port, rossing of exit. m)	Export mode	Line No.
i)	City	State	ZIP Code	apply in order used. Use codes below. (k)	(i) Exp	City	Country		
1)				(K)	(1)			(n)	(0
									10
_									11
									12
									13
									14
			1 1 1 1						15
									10
									17
									+
									18
									19
								-	20
									2
									2
									2
									2
									2
-									2
									2
									2
									29
			1 1 1 1						3
									3
									3:
									3
	5 — Shallow draft vessel		7 — Pipe	eline Q —	- Other	mode			3

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 6.

lte	m F SHIF	PMEN	IT CH	ARACTERISTICS —	Continued			\
Line No.	Shipment ID Number	ID shipping costs)		(excluding shipping costs) in whole	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)	Σ	۵	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
35								
36								
37								
38								
39								
	de of trans columns (k				cel delivery, courier, or U.S.			Railroad
Iter	repri the d	esent one-v Il valu	all p veek p ue in v	orting period. This figroducts leaving this period. An estimate whole dollars	establishment for	\$2,000,00 □ Yes □ No	idual shipments with a value	e over
In exi	column (b), che i te dı	ck "Y	es" or "No" for each 1997. For each "Ye		o indicate whetl	ner or not this type of facility olumn (c) to indicate whethe	/ er or
	Туре	e of s	hippi	ng facility	Was a shipping facili on your premises du		Did you use this facili premises for outbou during 1997?	
			(a)		(b)		(c)	
	1. Rail sid	ing			1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	2. Dock or	n the	Great	t Lakes	1 ☐ Yes ── 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	3. Dock or	n inla	nd wa	ater	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	4. Dock or	n dee	p sea	water	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	5. Airport/ handlin	ʻlandi g you	ng st ır shi	rip capable of pments	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	6 Pineline	tern	ninal		1	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	

Page 6

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

Containerized? (Y/N)		estination or all shipment	ts.)	trans U desti Enter apply	e(s) of port to l.S. nation all that in order d. Use	Export? (Y/N)	airport, or border c	oments only) enter the U.S. port,	Export mode	Line No.	
(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	codes	codes below.		City	Country		(0)	
(1)					(K)	(1)			(n)		
										35	
										36	
										37	
										38	
										20	
										39	
										40	
	5 — Shallow draft vesse6 — Deep draft vessel	el	7 — Pipel 8 — Air	ine		Othe Unkn	r mode own				
Item	J USE OF OFF-SITE	SHIPPING FA	CILITIES								
faci	olumn (b), check "Yes" o lity of that type for outb umn (c), and the mode of	ound shipme	nts during 19	97. Fo	or each "	Yes",	enter the miles to that	t off-site facility in			
Ту	Type of shipping facility Did you use this facility for outbo shipments during		utbound	off-site	Distance to the off-site facility of thi type that you used most in 1997 (Report in miles – estimates are acceptable)			to reach that faci	to reach that facility (Enter a code from the list below)		
	(a)		(b)				(c)	(d)			
1. F	ail siding	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es → lo								
2. [ock on the Great Lakes	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es → lo								
3. [Oock on inland water	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
4. 🗆	Oock on deep sea water	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
l c	Airport/landing strip apable of handling our shipments	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
1 ☐ Yes → 2 ☐ No 1 – Trailer on Flat Car (TOFC) 3 – For-Hire Tru 2 – Private Truck 4 – Rail											
			ıck			5 – Water 6 – Pipeline	7 – Air 8 – Other				
			PLEASE	CONT	INUE (ON P	AGE 8.				

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97) Page 7

During 1997, did this location use any of the following types of equipment for outbound shipments? Please check "Yes" or "No." For rail cars reported in number 1 below, enter the approximate percentage of your total outbound rail shipments that used that type of rail car. These percentages should add to 100%. If you had no rail shipments, leave the percentages blank. Was this type of equipment Percentage of total Equipment used for outbound shipments rail shipments during 1993? (a) (b) (c) 1. Rail cars that: 1 ☐ Yes 2 No a. Your company owned/leased 1 ☐ Yes 2 No b. A common carrier owned/leased 1 ☐ Yes -2 ☐ No c. Another party owned/leased (e.g. receiver) 2. Trucks with 6 or more tires or 1 ☐ Yes truck-tractors that: 2 □ No a. Your company owned 1 ☐ Yes **b.** Your company leased, with driver 2 No 1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No c. Your company leased, without driver 1 ☐ Yes 2 □ No 3. Truck trailers that your company owned or leased 1 ☐ Yes 4. Aircraft that your company owned or leased 2 No 1 ☐ Yes 5. Barges that your company owned or leased 2 □ No 6. Other equipment that your company owned or leased – Specify ✓ 1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No Item L TRANSPORTATION DECISIONS During 1997, who generally decided on the mode of transportation for your outbound shipments? Check the appropriate box. 1 ☐ Your company 2 Receiver of shipment з 🗌 Other Remarks **CERTIFICATION** Item M Name of person to contact regarding this report - Please print Telephone number - Include area code Date

USE AND AVAILABILITY OF TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

Page 8 FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

Title

Signature

Item K

Instructions for Completing the Commodity Flow Survey

TIPS FOR COMPLETING THE CFS QUESTIONNAIRE

Please read all instructions.

You may use estimates if book figures are not readily available.

If you have questions about completing the survey, a Census Bureau representative will be glad to assist you. You can call us at 1-800-772-7851.

Some instructions are included on the questionnaire itself. However, due to space limitations, most of the instructions and definitions are included in separate reference materials. These include this instruction guide, and a listing of commodity codes to be used for classifying individual shipments in this survey.

PART I – GENERAL INFORMATION

Frequently Asked Questions About the Commodity Flow Survey (CFS)

Why are you conducting the CFS?

The CFS produces valuable measures of the demands on the nation's transportation system.

The results of the CFS are used by transportation policy makers to analyze future transportation needs.

Who reports in the CFS?

The CFS covers a sample of establishments in the mining, manufacturing, wholesale, and selected retail industries.

Why is my participation important?

Your establishment was selected as part of a sample designed to represent a wide range of industries and geographic regions.

Your report helps ensure quality results.

Is this survey mandatory?

Yes. The CFS is mandatory under the authority of Title 13, United States Code (USC).

Will my data be kept confidential?

Yes. The same law that requires your participation, Title 13, USC, also guarantees your data will be kept strictly confidential.

The reports you provide the Census Bureau cannot be used for purposes of taxation, regulation, or investigation.

Your report is used only to develop summary data that do not reveal the activities of individual firms or establishments.

How often must I report?

You will be sent four questionnaires in all: one during each quarter of 1997.

The CFS will not be conducted again until 2002.

Page 2 CFS-1100 (11-7-96)

PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE

Items A - C

Please enter the information requested on your establishment's name, operational status, and physical location.

Item D

Enter in the space provided your total number of outbound shipments for the one week reporting period on the front of the questionnaire.

Please include in this count any materials picked up by the customer ("customer pick-up").

What we mean by a "shipment":

For the purposes of this survey, a shipment is a single movement of goods, commodities, products, etc. from your location to a customer or to another location of your company.

"Commodities" refer to items that your location produces, sells, or distributes, *not* to items that are considered by-products of your location's operation.

What we don't mean by a "shipment":

Do *not* include as shipments items such as inter-office memos, payroll checks, business correspondence, etc.

Do *not* include as shipments items such as refuse, scrap paper, waste, and recyclable materials **unless** your location is in the business of selling or providing these materials to others.

A special note about "shipments":

A full, or partial, truckload should be counted as a single shipment only if all the commodities on the truck are destined for one location.

If a truck makes multiple deliveries on a route, please count each stop as one shipment.

Item E: Sampling Instructions

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in Item D, complete Item F (Shipment Characteristics) for all of your shipments covered by the one-week reporting period.

If you reported more than 40 shipments in Item D, follow the instructions in Item E in order to select a sample of shipments on which to report in Item F.

By asking you to select a sample of your shipments for the one-week reporting period, we avoid asking you for information on all your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

Reminder: The files you are sampling from should reflect the full range of your location's shipping activities in terms of modes of transportation used, commodities shipped, and destinations.

We're here to answer your questions! If you have questions about the sampling process (or any part of the questionnaire) please call us at 1-800-772-7851.

CFS-1100 (11-7-96)

PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics

- Shipment ID Number (column b) Enter the invoice number, shipment number, or some other unique identification number that your establishment could use to find this particular shipping document if questions arise regarding your report.
- **Shipment Date (column c)** Enter the month and day of the shipment. If shipment date is not available, use the invoice/shipping document date. Use numbers only.
- Shipment Value (column d) Enter the dollar value, in whole dollars, of the entire shipment. The value should not include freight charges or excise taxes (i.e., report the net selling value, f.o.b. plant). If the value is not readily available from your records, please estimate.
- **Shipment Weight (column e)** Enter the weight of the total shipment in whole pounds. If weight is not readily available from your records, please estimate.
- Commodity Code (column f) Please use the list of Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG) Codes in the enclosed SCTG Manual to select the proper code. For shipments with more than one commodity, enter only the code for the commodity with the greatest weight.
- **Commodity Description (column g)** Enter a brief description of the commodity shipped. For shipments with more than one commodity, describe only the commodity with the greatest weight. Do not use trade names, catalog numbers, or other codes not familiar to persons outside your business.

	×	1		×		\	
le No.	Shipment ID Number	da (c	ment ate	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description
(a)	(b)	Month	Dау	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
0	123-5	4	26	4,235	140	3 ₁ 6 ₁ 1 ₁ 2 ₁ 0	Electrical transformers
00	123-6	4	26	125,300	626,500	1,7,1,0,0	Gasoline
1							
2							
3							
4							
	Mode of tra	anspoi s (k) a	rt code	es 1 — Parcel deli	very, courier, or U.S.	2 — Private true	

Page 4 CFS-1100 (11-7-96)

PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics - Continued

- For Hazardous Materials (column h) If shipment is a hazardous material, enter the 4-digit United Nations or North American number.
- Containerized (column i) Indicate whether or not the shipment was containerized by entering "Y" or "N" (yes or no). Containerized means that the shipment left your establishment in an intermodal container or stackable tank without permanently attached wheels. These containers typically vary from 20 to 53 feet in length, and are carried on truck chassis, trains, and ships.
- U.S. Destination: City, State, and ZIP Code (column j) For domestic shipments, enter the city, state, and 5-digit ZIP Code of the buyer/receiver as it appears on the shipping document. Use the "ship to" address. Use the two letter state abbreviation shown in Part IV.

For **export shipments**, report the U.S. **port of exit** as the destination city. The port of exit is the port or airport from which the shipment left the country. In case of land shipments into Mexico or Canada, it is the border crossing.

● Mode(s) of Transport (column k) – Enter the code(s) for all modes of transport used for the shipment to its U.S. destination (i.e., the destination reported in column j). Codes are located on the bottom of pages 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the questionnaire. Enter in the sequence used, all that apply. See Part III for definitions of each mode.

For Customer Pick-up: Report the mode(s) of transportation used, if known. Otherwise, report mode as "0" (unknown).

For Export Shipments: List only the mode(s) of transport used to reach the port, airport, or border crossing of exit.

If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA"	Containerized? (Y/N)	U.S. destination	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply using codes shown		
number (h)	(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	below. (k)
	N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9 0 0 4 0	2, 4, 3
	N	New York	N_1Y	1,0,4,5,4	5
			ı		

CFS-1100 (11-7-96)

PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics - Continued

- Export Shipment (column I) Indicate whether or not the shipment is intended for export outside of the United States, by entering a "Y" or "N" (yes or no). For purposes of this survey, shipments to Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions are considered exports.
 - Foreign Destination: City and Country (column m) If the shipment is an export, enter the foreign city and country of destination. For U.S. Destination (column j), enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. In column (k), enter the mode of transport used to the U.S. destination.
 - **Export Mode (column n)** If the shipment is an export, enter the code for the mode of transport by which the shipment left the country. Codes are located at the bottom of pages 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the questionnaire.

			▼	•	
•	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign de: (for export ship Note: In column (j) airport, or border cı (n	Export mode	Line No.	
	(1)	City	Country	(n)	(o)
	N				0
	Y	London	England	6	00
					1
					2
					3
					4
					5

Items G - I

Please enter the information requested.

Item J: Certification

Please enter the name and telephone number of the person to contact in the event that we have a question about your report.

Page 6 CFS-1100 (11-7-96)

PART III - MODE DEFINITIONS

Parcel delivery/Courier/U.S. Postal Service – Delivery services that carry letters, parcels, packages, and other small shipments that typically weigh less than 100 pounds. Includes bus parcel delivery service.

Private truck – Trucks operated by a temporary or permanent employee of this establishment or the buyer/receiver of the shipment.

For-hire truck – Trucks that carry freight for a fee collected from the shipper, recipient of the shipment, or an arranger of the transportation.

Railroad - Any common carrier or private railroad.

Shallow draft vessel – Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily on rivers and canals; in harbors, the Great Lakes, the Saint Lawrence Seaway; the Intracoastal Waterway, the Inside Passage to Alaska, major bays and inlets; or in the ocean close to the shoreline.

Deep draft vessel – Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily in the open ocean. Shipping on the Great Lakes and the Saint Lawrence Seaway is classified with shallow draft vesels.

Pipeline – Movements of oil, petroleum, gas, slurry, etc. through pipelines that extend to other establishments or locations beyond the shipper's establishment. Aqueducts for the movement of water are not included.

Air – Commercial or private aircraft, and all air service for shipments that typically weigh more than 100 pounds. Includes air freight and air express.

Other mode - Any mode not listed above.

Unknown – The shipment was not carried by a parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal service, and you cannot determine what mode of transportation is used.

Note: Commodities that are "shipped" under their own power, such as boats, barges, ferries, ships, aircraft, trucks, and trains **should be classified with the appropriate mode above.** Commodities shipped under their own power for which an appropriate mode is not listed (e.g., buses, recreational vehicles) should be listed as "**other" mode.**

CFS-1100 (11-7-96) Page 7

PART IV -- STATE ABBREVIATION LIST

State	Abbrev.	State	Abbrev.
Alabama	AL	Montana	MT
Alaska	AK	Nebraska	NE
Arizona	AZ	Nevada	NV
Arkansas	AR	New Hampshire	NH
California	CA	New Jersey	NJ
Colorado	СО	New Mexico	NM
Connecticut	СТ	New York	NY
Delaware	DE	North Carolina	NC
Dist. of Col.	DC	North Dakota	ND
Florida	FL	Ohio	ОН
Georgia	GA	Oklahoma	OK
Hawaii	HI	Oregon	OR
ldaho	ID	Pennsylvania	PA
Illinois	IL	Rhode Island	RI
Indiana	IN	South Carolina	SC
lowa	IA	South Dakota	SD
Kansas	KS	Tennessee	TN
Kentucky	KY	Texas	TX
Louisiana	LA	Utah	UT
Maine	ME	Vermont	VT
Maryland	MD	Virginia	VA
Massachusetts	MA	Washington	WA
Michigan	MI	West Virginia	WV
Minnesota	MN	Wisconsin	WI
Mississippi	MS	Wyoming	WY
Missouri	MO		

NOTICE - We estimate that it will take an average of 2 hours to complete this form. This includes time to read instructions, assemble and review information, and record answers on the form. If you have any comments regarding this estimate or any other aspect of this survey, send them to the Associate Director for Administration, Attn: Paperwork Reduction Project 0607-0189, Room 3104, Federal Building 3, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233-0001. Respondents are not required to respond to any information collection unless it displays a valid approval number in the top right corner on the front of the questionnaire.

Page 8 FORM CFS-1100 (11-4-96)